

CREAM!

RICH  
THICK  
CREAM  
See Below.

# The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1846

NOTES ON FILE  
LIFE IN HONGKONG  
AND SOUTH CHINA  
By THE REV. G. A.  
BUNBURY, M.A.  
To be had at the  
"CHINA MAIL" Office.  
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No. 15,818.

號三十月正年四十一百九千一英

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, JANUARY 13, 1914.

丑癸年歲三國民華中

PRICE, 22.00 Per Month.

**WATSON'S**  
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**GLENORCHY**  
CHOICE MELLOW BLEND

SCOTCH WHISKY  
PER BOTTLE \$1.55

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**PROFESSIONAL TATTOOER.**

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Finest work done by hand only.

No. 12, Queen's Road East,  
Hongkong, Oct. 3, 1913.

1190

**COFFIN DUMPING IN CHINA.**

Hankow Journal's Protest.

At the back of the Hankow Concessions, and on the outskirts of the native town, writes the "Central-China Post," unwanted coffins in all stages of decay may be seen in large numbers. They have been laid at the foot of walls, placed on mounds or dropped into ditches and are of all grades of unsanitary condition. Occasionally one constructed of stout planks, guaranteed to remain intact for years, may be met with, but the majority are miserable shells of thin boards, held together with a few nails or tied with string. Their contents are generally in a prime condition of ripeness, but this is a feature which cannot be described.

Of all nations the Chinese profess the highest respect for the dead. The body which they derived from their parents must on no account be cut or mutilated unless as a punishment for crime. Only a few years ago this moral ruler that a foreign doctor had held a post-mortem to discover the cause of some deadly disease was sufficient to raise a riot and wreck a town. Even in Hankow when a post-mortem was held it was by means of dark lanterns in the dead of night, with all hands sworn to secrecy lest the mob should get to hear of it and prevent the proceeding with uproar and house-burning. Yet the same body might be rolled in a mat and thrown out to rot at any roadside without anyone being in the least offended. This is one of those curious inconsistencies of which our Chinese neighbours cultivate so many.

The coffins are thus dumped for a variety of reasons. Some contain the bodies of beggars found dead on the street. In such a case the miserable dead would be given by a Benevolent Hall, while the local authority would have given a few cash to some other beggars to remove it, no questions being asked as to where. Many contain the remains of persons who have died in Hankow without friends or relatives to assume responsibility, so the parties who, much to their discomfort, found themselves saddled with a corpse disposed of it in the readiest way. Others are deposited in the fields by their families merely to be out of the way while waiting for a lucky or convenient day on which to hold the funeral.

Be the reasons what they may, this particular practice should be sternly suppressed as savouring to every sense of humanity, and a serious menace to the public health. It is one gets case-hardened to the sights and smells, a walk any where in the environs of Hankow is a torture rather than a tonic for the nerves. It may be here remembered to the credit of the men of the revolution that they issued strictest orders against the practice and actually put a stop to it for a time. This was one merit they accumulated and at no particular cost. . . . The Chinese, while they see no objection to leaving the bodies of their people to rot in the open, would be utterly scandalised at the idea of having them rapidly reduced to their original elements by fire and would be careful to place them where they would not run that risk.

It would be an offense for foreigners to interfere with those dumped coffins themselves, but they might easily accumulate a measure of merit without the expenditure of money by constantly warning the native authorities over the matter. The committee of the Golf Club might fittingly lead off with respect to a half-deposit not a machine shot removed from their club house.

**BUSINESS NOTICES.**

**CREAM!**

MILKMAID THICK RICH CREAM

A CREAM THAT CAN BE WHIPPED, BUT CANNOT BE BEATEN.

It is simply PURE CREAM.

Contains NO PRESERVATIVES.

Makes splendid ICE CREAM.

Excellent with Stewed and tinned Fruits, Fruit salads etc.

Packed in 3 sizes of tins.

85 cts. per 4 oz. tin  
35 " " 1 lb. " " } Net weight  
60 " " 1 1/2 " " }

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THE FRENCH STORE  
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**HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.**

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

**HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.**

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.  
TUESDAY, 13th JANUARY.

8 A.M. 'HONAM.' 8 A.M. 'FATSHAN.'  
10 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN.'

**WEDNESDAY, 14th, JANUARY.**

8 A.M. 'HEUNGSHAN.' 8 A.M. 'HONAM.'  
10 P.M. 'KINSHAN.' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN.'

A Telephone Service has been recently installed on the Company's Steamers. Day Steamers Call No. 776, Night Steamers Call No. 775.

**HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.**

S.S. 'SUI TAI' S.S. 'TAISHAN'

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 8 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sundays, at 9 A.M. and 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 3 P.M. Sundays, at 7.30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

**EXCURSION TO MACAO.**

SUNDAY, 19th JANUARY.

The Company's New Steamship "TAISHAN" will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 A.M. and return from Macao at 5 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M., and from Hongkong at 12.30 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

This steamer connects with the excursion steamer returning from Macao at 5 P.M.

**F A R E S :**

1st Class Single \$1.50, Return \$2. 2nd Class Single \$1, Return \$1.50  
Staterooms—Saloon \$1 per person each way. 1st & 2nd Class 50 cts. per person each way.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Company.

**CANTON-MACAO LINE.**

S.S. 'SUI TAI' S.S. 'TAISHAN'

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 P.M. Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 P.M.

S.S. 'HOI-SANG.'

Departures from Macao to Canton on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 8 A.M. Departures from Canton to Macao on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 A.M.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD., AND THE LING-CHOW STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

**CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.**

S.S. 'SAINAM,' 688 Tons, and S.S. 'NANNING,' 560 Tons.  
One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 6 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct steamers 'LINTAN' and 'SANUI.' These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sundays excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.  
Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the  
HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.  
HOTEL MANSIONS (First Floor).  
Opposite Elsie Pl.

**ORGAN RECITAL.**

**St. John's Cathedral**

TUESDAY, January 20  
at 7.30 p.m.

Prelude and Fugue in D major, Bech.  
Canon in B minor, Schumann.  
Excerpt (Dream of Gerontius), Elgar.  
Violin Mr. O. VERMEL  
Cello Mr. de JOURNAL  
who will play

Trio in B flat, Reissiger.  
Trio in E flat, Mendelssohn.  
Barcarole, Arensky.  
Hongkong, Jan. 12, 1914.

**SIEH TING.**

Surgeon Dentist.

No. 12, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE

Consultation Free.

**THE CARLTON HOTEL**

Recently Renovated and Refurnished.  
Self-Contained Suites of Apartments with Private  
Bath-rooms attached, Luxuriously Furnished Lounge, Drawing, Reading  
and Writing Rooms.  
PERFECT SANITATION  
Under Personal Management of  
O. E. OWEN, Proprietor.

**BUSINESS NOTICES.**

**THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.**

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS, FORGE MASTERS, BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.

WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.  
Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines, Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK 78' x 88' x 34'6"  
Pumps empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES throughout the Shops ranging up to 100 Tons.  
50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wires, Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR:-

JOHN L. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

PETROL & KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 180 H.P.  
As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.  
MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS, LAUNCHES, HOUSEBOATS & PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.  
MOTOR PUMPING & LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, ETC.  
Dockyard Manager, Mr. J. Ram, can be seen between the hours of 11 a.m. and 12 noon at the Town Office.

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HONGKONG, CHINA AND JAPAN AGENTS.

Telegraphic Address: "TAIKOODOCK." Telephone No. 215.

**YOUR TABLE**

Will never be Complete until it Carries a Constant Supply of the

**ALEXANDRA CAFE**

BREAD, CAKES, PASTRIES & PIES.

Pronounced by experts to be absolutely the best and purest procurable in Hongkong.

TRY OUR RENOWNED GAME PIES.

Hongkong, Dec. 27, 1913.

**THE HONGKONG HOTEL.**

THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE WITH EVERY MODERN LUXURY  
A LA CARTE GRILL ROOM.

198 J. E. TAGGART, Manager.

**PEAK HOTEL.**

ADAMIRABLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURIST HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' Rooms. Roof Garden.

Terms:—From \$ per day Mail.

Telegraph Ad: "Peaceful."

P. O. FEUSTER, Manager.

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NOTED FOR THE BEST FOOD, REFRESHMENTS, ACCOMMODATION AND CLEANLINESS.

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ELECTRIC LIGHT & FANS THROUGHOUT.

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**LESSONS IN CHINESE.**

MR. LI HON FAN, a Chinese graduate of the University of London, has been a teacher to European officials and merchants in this Colony for over ten years.

He has a good method of teaching. Europeans to pass in the Chinese examination, and is possessed of a first rate certificate as a Chinese teacher. He has also a good knowledge of Mandarin and Hakka.

Those who intend learning the Chinese language are requested to write care of China Mail office or direct to 37, Hollywood Road, 1st floor.

Hongkong, May 17, 1913.

**SINGON & CO.**

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON, STEEL, METAL AND HARDWARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and Foundry Casts Importers, General Paints, Kerosene and Shipchandlers. Nos. 35 and 37, HING LOO STREET, (And Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 514.

Hongkong, September 4, 1909.

**GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD.**

**Portland Cement**

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 450 lbs. net.

**Shewan, Tomes & Co.**

GENERAL MANAGERS

**MEE CHEUNG**  
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CHILDREN'S PHOTOS

A  
Speciality.

NOTE ADDRESS  
ICE HOUSE HONGKONG.

**WEISMANN'S**

FOR BREAD

**WEISMANN'S**

FOR CAKES

**WEISMANN'S**

FOR CHOCOLATES

Hongkong, Nov. 15, 1913.

**Bournville**

The "COCOA de Luxe"

HIGHEST GRADE  
BRITISH MADE

Bournville Cocoa represents the highest grade of nutritive cocoa presented to the market; it fully maintains its high reputation in food value and delicacy of flavour, and is second to none in any respect whatsoever. Medical Magazine, March, 1912.

**CADBURY'S CHOCOLATES**

In Tins and Fancy Boxes  
Specially Packed for Export

FROM "THE FACTORY IN A GARDEN," BOURNVILLE, ENG.

Hongkong, Dec. 17, 1913.

**CALBECK MACGREGOR & Co.**

ESTABLISHED 1864.

**DOW'S PORTS**

are famous throughout the British Empire as being Wines of fine Vintage and well matured

**DOW'S HUNTING PORT**

now is obtainable in Hongkong for the first time.









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AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT,  
AND ADMIRALTY.

General Auctioneers  
AND  
Share, Coal and  
General Brokers.

PROPRIETORS  
"TO-KWA-WAN"  
COAL STORAGE.

Codes used:  
A.B.C. 4th & 5th Editions.  
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Telegraphic Address  
MERION HONGKONG.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,  
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

on  
**THURSDAY,**  
the 15th January 1914, at 11 a.m.

at their Sales Room, No. 8,  
Des Voeux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street,

A MISCELLANEOUS STOCK,  
Comprising:-

Barometers, a variety of Clocks, Telescopes, Musical Instruments, Dressing Bags, Boy's Foot Ball Boots, Walking Sticks, Rain Coats, &c., &c., &c.

Also  
18-K. Gold Diamond Half Hoop Ring,  
18-K. Gold Chromometer Watch, 1 Ship's  
Chronometer, 1 Electric Passage Battery  
with Accessories, etc., etc.

Terms:-As usual.  
**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 12, 1914. 58

G. R.

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,  
on

**THURSDAY,**  
the 15th January, 1914, at 3 p.m.

on the Spot

The Several Lots Numbered 1 to 19 on  
Plan to be seen at the Auctioneers' Office,  
for erection of

**BOOTH AND MATSHEDS,**  
on the Government Ground adjoining the  
Race Course, North of the Grand Stand  
Enclosure.

Terms:-Cash.  
For Plan and Conditions of Sale,  
apply to:-

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers to the Government.

Hongkong, Jan. 9, 1914. 45

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,  
by permission of the Stewards of the  
Hongkong Jockey Club,  
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

on

**FRIDAY NEXT,**  
the 16th January, 1914, at 8 a.m., within  
the Jockey Club Enclosure.

Happy Valley,  
**TEN USEFUL PONIES**  
calculated to make good Hacks and Polo  
Ponies.

Also  
One DUN PONY received as a Sub-  
scription Gift and rejected by Sub-  
scribers on account of lameness.

Terms:-Cash on day of sale, the ponies  
to be at Buyer's risk on fall of the  
hammer.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1914. 46

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,  
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE GOVERNMENT),

on

**FRIDAY,**  
the 16th January, 1914, at 3 p.m.,  
at their Sales Room, No. 8,  
Des Voeux Road, Corner of  
Ice House Street.

Several Lots of  
**GRASS CLOTH AND DRAWN  
THREAD WORK,**  
Comprising:-

BEDSPREADS, TEA CLOTHS,  
PILLOW COVERS, CUSHION  
COVERS, TRAY CLOTHS,  
SIDEBOARD COVERS,  
&c., &c., &c.

To be sold without reserve.  
Terms:-as usual.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1914. 57

## AUCTION

### PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,  
on

**FRIDAY,**  
the 16th January, 1914, commencing at  
2.30 p.m. at their Sales Room,  
No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner  
of Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF  
**VALUABLE TEAKWOOD  
AND BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,**  
&c., &c., &c.

Comprising as follows:-  
TEAKWOOD-Dining and Drawing  
Room Suits, Upholstered Arm-chairs and  
Sofas, Carpets and Rugs (new), Brass and  
Brass-mounted Bedsteads, Bed Room  
Suits, Bureaux, Wardrobes, Washstands,  
&c., Dining Room Furniture, Sideboards,  
Dinner Waggon, Extension Dining  
Tables and Chairs, etc., etc., 2 Dinner and  
Dessert Services, Crockery, Sundry Glass  
Ware, Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Utensils,  
Cutlery, &c., Brass Fenders and Fire  
Brasses.

Also  
Blackwood Suits, Blackwood Card and  
Oval Tables, Cabinets, Overmantels, Side  
Tables, Desks, a variety of Stands, etc.,  
etc., Electric Reading Lamps and a few  
lots Chinese Porcelain.

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)  
Catalogues will be issued.  
Terms:-As usual.

**HUGHES & HOUGH,**  
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Jan. 12, 1914. 56

### NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF  
THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE  
COMPANY, LTD.,  
and  
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS  
ASSURANCE CO.

THE Accumulative Funds of the various  
Branches are separately invested, and, by  
Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet  
the claims under the respective Depart-  
ments of the Company's Business.

**SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.**  
Agents.

Hongkong, Oct. 24, 1913. 1301

### PARIS TOILET

No. 13, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL  
(UNDER THE ASTOR HOUSE).

THE Leading LADIES' & GENTLE-  
MEN'S HAIRDRESSING  
SALONS IN THE EAST.

Manufacturers of SEVES-DES ALPES,  
pronounced by those who use it the best  
hairwash to prevent the falling out of hair.

J. J. SCIPES, Proprietor.

Hongkong, Oct. 24, 1913. 1301

### PATELL & CO.

Exporters & Importers

and  
Commission Agents.

**HONGKONG, CANTON,  
SHANGHAI AND  
HANKOW.**

If you happen to visit your meals will  
be cooked and promptly served  
at the same. Only at THE ALKXAN  
DRA-JAYE.

## CHINA ASSOCIATION.

### Proceedings of the General Committee.

Meetings of the general committee of  
the China Association were held on Oct.  
14 and 28 and Dec. 9. A report of the  
meeting of Oct. 14 was deferred, as it  
was undesirable that two subjects which  
were before the committee should be  
discussed in these columns, and thus  
little of particular interest was left for  
publication, says the "London and China  
Express" of Dec. 19.

The Situation in China again claimed  
the committee's attention, and an in-  
teresting and thoughtful letter from the  
Hongkong Branch was read, which it was  
resolved should be communicated to the  
Foreign Office.

Reduction of Duties at Antung.—This  
question was also again discussed at con-  
siderable length. It was agreed that  
although the reduction of duties was now  
an accomplished fact the incident could  
not be permitted to pass without a vigor-  
ous protest from the Association being  
placed on record. Accordingly, it was  
resolved that a letter should be written  
to the Foreign Office drawing attention  
to the gratuitous advantages which were  
thereby conferred on Japanese trade for  
which no justification could be found in  
geographical considerations, and pointing  
out that in the event of the Chinese cus-  
toms tariff being raised, these advan-  
tages would have the effect of giving  
Japan a practical monopoly of the trade  
of Manchuria, more particularly in the  
import of cotton goods.

The meeting of October 28 was specially  
called to consider the provisions of a  
draft China Order in Council dealing with  
the registration of limited liability com-  
panies in Shanghai. This was submitted  
in confidence by the Foreign Office, and  
in considering it the Committee had the  
benefit of the assistance and advice of  
Sir Macdonald de Saumarez, who, by  
their invitation, was present at the meet-  
ing.

He said that the greatest pains had  
been taken in drafting the Order, and he  
thought that upon examination it would  
be found to meet the situation without  
indicating hardship on the diverse interests  
involved. It was desirable to get it into  
operation without undue delay, and he  
would advise that amendments be limited  
as much as possible.

This Committee considered the draft  
and suggested amendments to four ar-  
ticles, which were embodied in a letter  
and sent to the Foreign Office. They  
were of opinion that with the amend-  
ments the Order would meet existing  
needs.

A variety of subjects were discussed at  
the meeting of Dec. 9.

Service on Shanghai Municipal Council.  
—A letter was read, in reply to the  
Association, from a prominent Hong with  
its head office at Hongkong, which had  
not hitherto found it possible to permit  
a representative to serve on the Council  
at Shanghai. With much regret the  
directors still found it desirable to main-  
tain that attitude, though they appre-  
ciated the arguments set out by the  
Association, and were prepared, in the  
event of urgent necessity, to reconsider  
the question. The Committee agreed to  
leave the matter there.

German Preference in Shantung.—This  
was a subject introduced in a letter from  
the Tientsin branch, in which reference  
was made to the privileged position of  
Germany in Shantung under the Kia-  
chow Convention, and the consequent  
serious handicap to British trade in that  
province.

In the discussion that followed it was  
known that other Powers were accorded  
similar privileges in other provinces of  
China, and it was resolved to communi-  
cate with the Foreign Office on the sub-  
ject.

British Post Office, at Peking.—The  
Association received information that  
certain correspondence from Peking post-  
ed in foreign post offices was not delivered  
in due time, and the Association  
was invited to co-operate in improv-  
ing upon the authorities the necessity  
for establishing a British Post Office in  
Peking in addition to, or in place of, the  
military post office.

It was agreed that as the United States,  
France, Germany, and Japan had offices  
in Peking the position of Great Britain  
demanded a similar advantage.

It was resolved that a letter should  
be sent to the Foreign Office advocating  
the immediate establishment of a British  
post office on the grounds of public con-  
venience and for the safety of correspon-  
dence.

Headquarters of the Commercial At-  
tache in China.—A suggestion was made  
that the Association should again urge  
that the headquarters of the Commercial  
Attache would, from a commercial stand-  
point, be more usefully situated at Shang-  
hai than at Peking.

This view has always been held by the  
Association, and was strongly advocated  
in 1906 (vide Interim Report, 1906, p.  
100).

The Committee still adhered to that  
opinion, and it was resolved to communi-  
cate with the Shanghai Branch.

The Admission of Women as Members  
of the Association.—A letter was read  
from the British Association of Japan,  
in which it was stated that it was pos-  
sible a lady resident of Yokohama might  
wish to qualify for a certificate issued by  
that Association for proficiency in the  
Japanese language. It had been decided  
to admit female members to the British  
Association, and the question was now  
asked whether the rules of the China  
Association provided for such a con-  
tingency.

It was unanimously agreed that ladies  
could not be admitted to membership of  
the China Association, nor was there any  
reference to such a contingency in the  
Rules and Regulations.

Hongkong University.—A letter was  
received from the Registrar of Hongkong  
University, in which he was informed

to invite the China Association to nomi-  
nate a representative to serve on the  
University's Home Consulting Commit-  
tee.

On the proposition of Mr. F. Anderson,  
seconded by Mr. G. B. Dodwell, the  
committee unanimously invited Mr. G.  
Jamieson to accept nomination as their  
representative.

The Chairman having assented and  
thanked the committee, took the opportu-  
nity of again referring to the appeal issued  
to members of the China Association for  
funds for the Engineering Faculty of the  
University. He regretted that the in-  
terest taken by members of the Associa-  
tion was so lukewarm. The total sum  
asked for was trifling, but the response  
so far was insignificant, and even of the  
amount received only four members out-  
side the committee had contributed any-  
thing. It went very much against the  
grain to have so often to remind members  
that the responsibility of the appeal had  
been undertaken in the name of the  
Association and it lay with them to pre-  
vent the odium of failure. He wished he  
were speaking to a wider audience, and  
for the last time he appealed to those  
members or firms who had not already  
contributed to do so. All that was now  
required was the small sum of £100 for  
four years.

On the proposition of Mr. F. Anderson,  
seconded by Mr. G. B. Dodwell, the  
committee unanimously invited Mr. G.  
Jamieson to accept nomination as their  
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## BANKS

## HONGKONG &amp; SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$15,000,000  
Reserve Funds.....  
Sinking.....  
\$1,500,000 2 1/2% \$15,000,000  
Silver.....  
\$32,450,000  
REVENUE LIABILITY OF.....  
PROFITORS.....\$15,000,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.  
S. H. Dodwell, Esq., Chairman.  
Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Deputy Chairman.  
G. Fitchard, Esq., W. L. Pattenden,  
E. Gault, Esq., J. A. Plummer, Esq.,  
C. S. Gabbay, Esq., Hon. Mr. E. Shalman,  
P. H. Holyoak, Esq., H. A. Siebe, Esq.,  
C. Landgraf, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:  
Hongkong—N. J. STABB.

MANAGER:  
Shanghai—A. G. STEPHEN.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON COUNTY AND WESTMINSTER BANK, LIMITED.

HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Account at the rate of Two per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits:—  
For 3 months 2 1/2 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 3 " "  
" 12 " 4 " "

N. J. STABB,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, Jan. 8, 1914.

## HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the minimum monthly balances at 3 1/2 PER CENT. per annum. Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK, to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 PER CENT. per annum.

For the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation,  
N. J. STABB,  
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, July 1, 1913.

## THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1853.  
HEAD OFFICE, LONDON.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£1,200,000  
RESERVE FUND.....£1,700,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-  
FITORS.....£1,900,000

FOREIGN EXCHANGE and General Banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 1 year or shorter periods at rates which will be quoted on application.

A. S. HEWITT,  
Acting Manager.

Hongkong, April 9, 1913.

## THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Authorized Capital.....£1,500,000  
Subscribed.....1,125,000  
Paid-up.....562,500  
Reserve Fund.....415,000

INTEREST allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance and on Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

A. R. LINTON,  
Manager.

Hongkong, July 1, 1913.

## THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....Yen 40,000,000.00  
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....20,000,000.00  
RESERVE FUND.....18,550,000.00

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS AT:  
AMSTERDAM, LONDON, BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, CHANGHAI, HANKOW, HONGKONG, KANPURI, KOLKATA, MANILA, Peking, SHANGHAI, SINGAPORE, SOERABAYA, Tientsin, YOKOHAMA.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts. Deposits received for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

Hongkong, Sep. 30, 1913.

## BANKS

## INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: 60 Wall Street, New York.  
LONDON OFFICE: 38, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES:  
Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Cebu, Colon, Hankow, Hongkong, Shanghai, Yokohama.

Capital and Reserve.....\$27,500,000  
Equal.....\$1,491,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened on the usual terms.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED, fixed for one year at 4 1/2 per cent. or for shorter periods, at rates which may be ascertained on application.

BILLS NEGOTIATED & COLLECTED.

MAILS AND TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS granted on all the principal cities in the world.

THE BANK'S CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT are available all over the world.

COMMERCIAL LETTERS OF CREDIT issued.

PURCHASE AND SALE of Stocks and Shares effected.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES sold and cashed.

GEO. HOGG,  
Manager.

No. 9, Queen's Road Central, Singapore, October 21, 1913.

## NEDERLANDSCHE HANDEL-MAATSCHAPPIJ.

(NEDERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY).

ESTABLISHED 1824.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....\$10,000,000—(\$5,000,000)  
PAID-UP.....\$1,450,000—(\$750,000)  
RESERVE.....\$3,252,168—(\$887,880)  
FUND.....

HEAD OFFICE—AMSTERDAM.

BRANCHES:—Singapore, Penang, Shanghai, Rangoon, Samarang, Sourabaya, Djember, Ochebon, Tegal, Peking, Batavia, Palembang, Telok Betong, Kota Radja, (Acheen), Macassar, Bandjermasin.

Correspondents at: Bombay, Colombo, Madras, Pondicherry, Calcutta, Bangkok, Saigon, Haiphong, Hankow, Amoy, Yokohama, Kobe, Melbourne, Sydney, New York, San Francisco, &c., &c.

LONDON BRANCH:—The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Limited.

The Bank buys and sells and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, issues letters of credit on its Branches and correspondents in the East, on the Continent to Great Britain, America, and Australia, and transacts banking business of every description.

INTEREST ALLOWED.  
On Current Accounts 2 1/2 per cent. per annum on balance.  
Fixed Deposits 12 months 4 per cent. per annum.  
Do. 6 months 3 1/2 " "  
Do. 3 months 3 " "

A. F. VAN KEEPS, Agents.  
Hongkong, July 16, 1913.

## AGENTS

LONDON—F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Coleman Street, E.C.

NEW YORK—T. E. BROWNE, LTD., 201 Broadway, New York City.

THE CHINESE EXCHANGE OFFICE, 52 West 22nd Street.

AN FRANCISCO and American Port generally—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND—GORDON & GORDON, Melbourne and Sydney.

CEYLON—W. M. SMITH & Co., The Arcade, Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c.—KELLY & WALES, LTD., Singapore.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—A. S. WATSON & Co., Manila.

CHINA—CHINA, FAIRBANK & Co., Pootung, Shanghai, &c., Shanghai, Kowloon, &c., &c.

THE CHINA MAIL, LTD.

6, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

THE CHINA MAIL

Typhoon Map & Guide.

Price 40 cents.

If you have lost your specimen, one of the big variety of dainty plates at the ALEXANDRA CAFE to be seen to you.

## MARRIAGE 'PROMISE' FROM OLD PUPIL.

Mr. HILL-Wood, M.P., sued by His Ex-Tutor.

£2000 & Year Claimed.

Mr. Samuel Hill-Wood, M.P., of Park Hall, Hayfield, Derbyshire, who was at one time captain of the county cricket club, was defendant in an action recently brought on behalf of his former tutor, Mr. Hugh Carleton Forby.

The formal plaintiffs were the trustees of Mr. Forby's marriage settlement. Mr. Arthur Henry Wood, of West Clendon, Surrey, and Mr. A. B. Tristram, of Brook Green.

The plaintiffs claimed £2000 a year which he had agreed to pay in the marriage settlement. Arrears of £1500 were also claimed.

The defence was that the marriage settlement was obtained by undue influence.

Mr. Shearman, K.O., leading counsel for the plaintiffs, said Mr. Forby, who used to be an eminent footballer, was engaged to act as Mr. Hill-Wood's tutor when the latter left Eton in 1899 at the age of nineteen.

The two became very great friends, and when the defendant was twenty-nine the deed in question was entered into.

FEELINGS OF GRATITUDE.

Defendant was the owner of racehorses and greyhounds, and he was entitled to an income of £15,000 a year, and should his mother die before him, his income would be about £3000 a year.

He said Mr. Forby used to be to be a good deal and used to arrange cricket matches, etc.

Mr. Forby eventually told Mr. Hill-Wood that he desired to be engaged to be married, but he said his income of about £2000 or £3000 a year was not sufficient to enable him to marry.

In 1899 Mr. Hill-Wood himself married, and then Mr. Forby left the house of Mr. Hill-Wood. The latter had feelings of gratitude towards his tutor, and he told him that he would find him £2000 a year for life so that he could carry out his wish to be married.

Counsel said that under the deed that was entered into Mr. Hill-Wood paid the £2000 a year to Mr. Forby down to September, 1910, but since then he had refused to pay it.

In 1905 Mr. Forby succeeded to an estate in Hampshire, and in November of that year he received a letter from Mr. Hill-Wood, saying:—

"Dear Jiggs:—I am afraid I have been a long time in answering your letter, but I have been shooting every day. In four days we got over 1,000 pheasants."

Mr. Hill-Wood then, referring to the allowance, said:—

"Do you want this to be paid now you have come into your property? Of course, I have promised to pay you, and if you want me to do so I must."

But when I engaged to pay I never took into account your succeeding Alexander. Please let me know what you wish."

Mr. Forby replied:—

"My land is some of the poorest land in Hampshire. I am sorry I am not in a position to offer to do without the £2000 you promised me."

used no pressure.

Mr. Forby declared that Mr. Hill-Wood was one of the best men of business for his age he had ever seen. He became M.P. for the High Peak Division of Derbyshire at the last general election.

Counsel: Was he in full mental health when he entered into this agreement?—Oh, yes.

Did you bring any pressure to bear on him to sign this settlement?—None whatever. He signed it of his own free will.

An cross-examination by Sir Edward Clarke, witness denied that Mr. Hill-Wood was a wealthy youth. He knew he had left Eton before the end of his natural term there.

Had you practically the direction of his life?—No, his mother had.

Was it on your advice that he sold his racehorses?—Yes; he sold them and signed a paper promising he would not race or bet any more.

The Judge: Did he keep the promise?—No, he did not.

In reply to further questions, witness said he met the late Mr. Alexander at a club at Weymouth about fifteen years ago.

On his death in 1905 he left estate worth about £200,000, and witness was his sole executor.

Counsel: Was there a bequest to you of an estate in Hants?—Yes. An estate of 800 acres.

Are you lord of the manor and J.P.?—Yes.

What is this property you came into from Alexander worth?—Somewhere about £45,000 or £46,000.

Colonel Henry Wood, C.B., plaintiff's father-in-law, said he did not consent to Mr. Forby's will he could show he had £2000 a year.

Mr. Hill-Wood, M.P., the defendant, then gave evidence. He said that in 1900 Mr. Forby spoke of his proposed marriage and asked witness if he would make his income up to £21,000 per year, as that was the stipulation of his prospective father-in-law.

Counsel (cross-examination): Do you suggest that Mr. Forby told you lies to induce you to give him money that otherwise you would not have given him? He certainly was lying.

The hearing was adjourned.

## TO LET

TO LET.

TO LET.—Furnished for seven months from the first week in March 1914. No. 64, The Peak.—Apply to G. M. HARSTON.

Hongkong, Dec. 30, 1913.

TO BE LET OR SOLD.

THE COTTAGE—Barker Road. Apply DENISON RAM & GIBBS.

Hongkong, Jan. 10, 1914.

TO LET.

OFFICE in Connaught Road Central, 8, MOUNTAIN VIEW, Peak, (4 rooms) BROOKHURST, 119, Peak (4 rooms). DENNIS & BOWLEY.

Hongkong, Jan. 10, 1914.

TO LET.

A HACIENDA WEST, 73, The Peak, partially furnished, from 1st March. Apply THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, Jan. 7, 1914.

TO LET.

A SHOP or GODOWN of No. 21 D'Aguiar Street as occupied by The Victoria Printing Press Ltd. formerly. Apply to YEE SANG FAT & CO.

Hongkong, Jan. 5, 1914.

TO LET.

NO. 1 "DURBAR VILLAS" Kowloon. Apply to SPANISH DOMINICAN PROCUROTOR.

Hongkong, Jan. 7, 1914.

TO LET.

OFFICES in King's Building. THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, Jan. 13, 1914.

TO LET.

FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES in Granville Avenue and Salisbury Avenue, Kowloon, cheap rental.

SHOP with Godown attached, NATHAN ROAD, Kowloon.

Kowloon Marine Lot No. 48 with Wharf. Apply to HUMPHREY'S ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD.

Hongkong, Nov. 23, 1913.

TO LET.

MEHRION, Nos. 9 & 10, Peak, an furnished, 6 Rooms, Cheap rental from 1st December Newly Painted and Colourwashed.

\*ROGATE, Austin Road, Kowloon, unfurnished.

No. 68 Peak, "MOUNT KELLET," (Church Mission Society Bungalow) from 1st October 1913 till 30th May 1914, partly furnished. Cheap rent.

\*CAMERON VILLAS No. 60 Peak, to let furnished for 1 year from 1st May.

\*No. 6 CAMERON VILLAS, No. 63 Peak, to let furnished for one year from 1st May 1914.

\*KELLET CRYST No. 68 The Peak, from 1st March 1914, partly furnished.

One Small GODOWN in Duddell Street, No. 19c, SHELLEY STREET, No. 3 THE ALPINE, Robinson Road.

FOR SALE.

\*HARTING and ROGATE, on part of Kowloon Island Lot No. 1154.

\*GLENSHIEL, 124 Barker Road, 5 rooms, close to Tram Station. Apply to LINSFORD & DAVIS.

3rd Floor, Alexandra Building.

Hongkong, Jan. 6, 1914.

## JAPANESE MAKERS.

EVERY KIND OF Footwear MADE TO ORDER.

OHERRY & CO., PEDDER STREET.

Telephone No. 491.

Hongkong, May 5, 1913.

THE ALEXANDRA CAFE cannot be better, if equalled, for Breakfast, Confectionery, Meals with music.

## HONGKONG AVERAGE MARKET PRICES.

Corrected to Thursday, January 8, 1914.

At 100 cents per Dollar Mexican.

## Butcher Meat.

Beef Sirloin & Prime Cut—Mei Lung 1 1/2 lb 18

" Corned—Ham Ngau Yu 18

" Roast—Shiu 12

" Breast—Nagu Loh 12

" Soup—Tong Yuk 15

" Steak—Ngau Yuk Pa 18

" Sirloin Coton—Ngau Lau 23

" Sausages—Ngau Chang 20

Saloon's Brains—Know per 100 lb 45

" Tongue fresh—Ngau Li 55

" First—Ngau Tau 60

" Heart—Ngau Sun 15

" Lump—Salt—Ngau Kin 18

" Feet—Ngau Kark 8

" Kidneys—Ngau Yiu 18

" Tail—Ngau Mei 18

" Liver—Ngau Koa 18

" Tripe (undressed)—Ngau To 16

Salv. Head & Feet—Ngau-chai-tan-kark 31

Mutton Chop—Young Pei Kwab 15

" Leg—Young Pei 25

" Shoulder—Young Shan 29

" Pigs Chiddings—Chu Chong 27

" Brains—Chu Know 27

" Feet—Chu Kark 12

" Chu Chai 8

" Head—Chu Tau 10

" Heart—Chu Sun 10

" Kidneys—Chu Yiu 8

" Liver—Chu Chon 12

" Pork Chop—Chu Pail Kwab 23

" Leg—Chu Pei 27

" Fat or Lard—Chu Yau 24

" Chu Trap Pig's Fry 30

" Sausage Head and Feet—Young Tai Kark 65

" Heart—Young Sun 7

" Kidneys—Young Yiu 9

" Liver—Young Chon 15

" Sucking Pigs, To do—Chu h 22

" Suet, Boal—Sang Yau Yau 18

" Mutton—Sang Young Yau 25

" Veal—Ngau Chai Y 18

" Sausages—Ngau Chai Chang 11

## Meat.

Salmon—Mei Yan Yu 30

Shark—Sa Yu 7

Skate—Po Yu 8

Shrimps—Ha 24

Snapper—Lap Yn 24





## Nerve Strain—

Mr. B. C. HUCKS (the well-known Flying Man), of 5, Queen's Gate Terrace, London, England, writes:—"I really must express my appreciation of Phosferine. Some time back I felt myself in a curious state of nervous tension, brought on, no doubt, by the severe strain caused by flying under all sorts of weather conditions for the *Daily Mail* tour. I had an idea that my nerves were becoming shaken. I was advised to try Phosferine, and was quite astonished at the beneficial effect produced by even the first few doses. I am now feeling more 'fit' than ever and ready to start upon a season's flying that promises to be considerably more arduous than the last."

No other medicine has received such absolute proof of its extraordinary properties in restoring shattered Constitutions, and in giving back to the prematurely aged New Life and Energy.

## CAUTION

There is only one Phosferine—beware of illegal imitations—do not be misled by *Phosph This or Phosph That*, but get

# PHOSFERINE

## THE GREATEST TONIC AND DIGESTIVE

HAS BEEN SUPPLIED BY ROYAL COMMANDS TO—  
The Royal Family H.M. the Queen of Spain  
H.M. the Empress of Russia H.M. the late King of Greece  
H.M. the King of Spain H.M. the Queen of Roumania, etc.

Prices in Great Britain: 1/11, 2/9, & 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.  
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/11 size.  
PROPRIETORS: ASHTON & PARSONS, LTD., LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, ENG.

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STEAM RAISING, FORGING, STEEL MAKING, SHIPS' BUNKERS AND  
HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES.

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# FIRECLAY,

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Coal from the Administration's Lanchow Mines can be obtained on application to the  
Agents, SIEMSEN & CO.

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Obtain quotations from

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE,  
8, Wyndham Street.

European Supervision

Moderate Price.

## AN EMPLOYER AND HIS GIRL WORKERS.

## Serious Charges.

The "Times" of the 10th ultimo gives further particulars of this case. At Tower Bridge Police Court on Saturday Mr. A. E. Gill continued the hearing of the two summonses against Joseph Marcus Copelovitz Josephson, of Lower Marsh, Lambeth, charged with indecent assault on two girls under the age of 16. Mr. Percy Robinson prosecuted for the National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and Mr. Stephen Lynch defended.

It was stated at the last hearing by Mr. Percy Robinson that at one time the defendant carried on business as a builder and decorator in Lambeth and he was also a director of the Unbreakable Film Company. He kept a "fault-book," and it was alleged that the girls were called on to sign what was called an "Oath of obedience and power of attorney," the terms of which were given in the "Times" of November 1. There was another document on which an oath was taken not to divulge any business or private matters and not to abuse Mr. Josephson's confidence and trust.

Victor Alice Sharp, of Paul-road, Camberwell, who alleged on the last occasion that the defendant beat her on her naked flesh, was recalled. She said that the following statements in a book was in her handwriting:—"I have said I have been wilfully disobedient to my lawful master and teacher. I was frivolous and have repeatedly rebelled against my master's authority. I repeat most sincerely and promise not to do it again. The chastisement I got I fully deserved."

The defendant said, told her to write it. The chastisement was 12 blows on the bare flesh. She received similar chastisement on several occasions. On April 7 and 9 she was again chastised.

Cross-examined, the witness said that when she entered the defendant's employment both she and her father signed some papers. Her father was told that Mr. Josephson was a disciplinarian. She did not tell her father about these chastisements. She was in the defendant's employment 14 months, and she knew the rules well. She did not know that after a young girl reached the age of 16 the "fault-book" was dropped altogether. It was the indignity she complained of about. In the order-book which each girl had there was a little prayer for a Christian or a Hebrew. She did not know whether her father approved of it. The thrashing did not hurt her. She first told her mother that she was punished on the bare flesh about a fortnight before she left the defendant's employment, but she was sent back to her employment for a fortnight. The defendant told the girls that he regarded it as a duty to punish them exactly as a parent would. If they were good they were rewarded. There was a regular scale of reward. On one occasion the defendant paid £1 for a bicycle for her. He also made her other presents. She was also taught shorthand at the defendant's expense. The first time she formed the opinion that this chastisement was indecent was when she spoke to Mr. Callow, another director of the Unbreakable Film Company. She did not know that the defendant had brought two actions against Mr. Callow.

Re-examined, the witness said that all the girls had a meeting, and they wrote a letter. The communication was not sent but she spoke to Mr. Callow personally.

Charles Edward Sharp, the last witness's father, a journeyman baker, stated that she was born on November 10, 1897. On September 8 last his wife told him something about the girl, and he wrote a letter to the defendant to the effect that it had come to his mind that the defendant was treating his apprentices unfairly, and that if he dared to punish his daughter in the way alleged he would, without hesitation, give him into the hands of the police. In his reply the defendant wrote:—"The terms of our agreement was not to interfere with my system of training. However, to show you that I have no private motive in this matter I waive, at my expense, my rights under the indentures and other documents connected with it. I cannot have duties without rights. Therefore I shall neither teach nor correct your daughter. So long as Miss Sharp will behave herself and do her duty she can stop at my office, and complete her term. If she fails, she goes." He continued:—"Nothing will hurt me more than to be obliged to get rid of her, because Mr. Josephson's promise is, and ever will be, his life. I stand 'in loco parentis' to Violet, and I have tried and will continue to fulfil my duties, whether she will be at my office or not. Any punishment which you administer to her is lawful for me too."

The witness wrote again refusing to admit that the defendant stood "in loco parentis," and added:—"My daughter is very upset, and so are we all."

In his reply the defendant said:—"I am very sorry to hear that Violet is upset, but this is the fruit of disobedience as per the Fifth Commandment. Certainly I do stand 'in loco parentis.' Both you and Violet have signed documents to that effect." The witness replied:—"I do not at present wish to enter into any controversy about indentures, what I am so disgusted about is your disgraceful treatment of your apprentices. Punishment you call it. Do you think for one moment I should punish my own child in a like manner? Face the question manly, and be determined."

THE CHINA MAIL OFFICE,  
8, Wyndham Street.

## by God's help, not to pander to this disgusting form of punishment. Would you do such a thing to your daughter?"

Dr. Thomas Pearson said he examined the other girl, Elsie Norman, at his surgery at the defendant's request. She was in a nervous condition, hysterical, and had a bruise on the body. She described how she had been punished, and that following the punishment the defendant ordered her to kiss his hand.

The case was then adjourned, bail being fixed at two sureties in £20 or one in £40. As the defendant had no surety present he was allowed out on his own bail in £50.

## INDENTURES AND PUNISHMENT.

The further hearing, which took place on the 13th ultimo, was reported in the "Times" next day as follows:—

Elsie Norman, the second girl, said that in March, 1911, she entered into an indenture of apprenticeship with the defendant for one year. About the end of May, 1911, it was arranged that she should go with the defendant and others to Salisbury. The night before the defendant left she slept at Lower Marsh. At 5 o'clock in the morning the defendant came into her bedroom with her wages and beat down and kissed her. In June, 1911, she signed the "Oath of Allegiance and Secrecy." Later the defendant threatened her with corporal punishment for an alleged fault, and the witness went home to her parents. She afterwards returned to the defendant's employment. On February 17, 1912, the defendant struck her on the bare flesh with a small whip. The witness complained to her parents about it. Similar beatings were administered on several other occasions. On June 28 the defendant in a letter to the witness said that he wanted her love and complained of her breaking her oath and appealing to her father and mother against him. He added:—"Now there can be no appeal against me but to the Almighty, to whom you must pray that I shall treat you well—there cannot and must not be any interference in the matter. On the other hand if you feel unhappy here we must break up our connection, and should you fail to find a suitable situation I will make it good." Afterwards her father wrote to the defendant stating that in no circumstances would she be permitted again to enter his employment. The defendant replied that the father had no right to interfere, the witness being indentured.

Cross-examined, the witness said that the defendant was in the habit of giving pocket money in addition to the wages. As a punishment he sometimes stopped the pocket money and put it in the savings bank for the girls. She thought that the conduct of the defendant in kissing her in her bedroom on the one occasion was improper, but she did not make any complaint to her mother at the time. The defendant granted her a month's holiday and gave her mother a cheque for £1 to cover the expenses. From Westgate she wrote several post cards to him, telling him about the weather and the journeys she made, and sending kind regards to Mrs. Josephson. The defendant had given her a watch. She did not tell her parents of some of the beatings she received because of the defendant's threat to take her before the Court.

The hearing was adjourned, the defendant being admitted to bail in two sureties of £50 each.

## LEGLESS BURGLAR.

## Theft and Attempted Murder.

Theft and attempted murder are amongst the exploits of a legless man who has just been arrested in the neighbourhood of Saint-Brieuc, in the Department of the Côtes-du-Nord. In the first case, despite his infirmity, he climbed up to the window of the house of an aged woman, and, entering the house, broke open a chest, from which he abstracted £22, the whole of the savings of the poor woman.

He then made his way to the village of Caraduce, where he took up his station near the house of a widow 70 years old. When the woman returned home the cripple struck her on the head with an iron bar. Her screams aroused the neighbours, and the miscreant, after dosing her a second blow, hid himself in a hedge. Here he was discovered by the police and taken to the gaol at Saint-Brieuc.

## THE DEADLY HATPIN.

The Prefect of Police in Paris has issued a regulation forbidding the wearing of hatpins with exposed points in tube railways, tramways, omnibuses, theatres, and, generally, all places where people are liable to be crowded together.

## LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices: 11.25 and 22.50

## His Britannic Majesty's Ships on the China Station.

Name.	Class.	Tonn.	Gun.	I.H.P.	Commander.	Last report on
Alacrity—	despatch-vessel	1650	2	2000	Comdr. Archibald Cochrane	Hongkong
Atlas	Admiralty tug	—	—	—	—	Hongkong
Bramble	river gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Comdr. B. E. Pritchard	Shanghai
Britomart	river gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Comdr. W. H. Darvall	Shanghai
Cadmus	sloop	1070	6	1400	Capt. H. P. E. T. Williams	Shanghai
Chalmer	torpedo boat destroyer	580	4	7500	Lt.-Comdr. H. T. England	Hongkong
Charub	water tank and tug	330	—	300	—	Hongkong
Clive	sloop	1070	6	1400	Comdr. Colin Mackenzie, D.S.O.	Shanghai
Colne	torpedo boat destroyer	550	4	7500	Lt.-Comdr. M. B. Birkett	Hongkong
Fame	torpedo boat destroyer	380	4	5700	Lt.-Comdr. M. Blackman	Hongkong
Hampshire	cruiser, 1st class	10,850	10	20,500	Capt. M. R. Hill	Canton
Jed	torpedo boat destroyer	580	4	7500	Lt.-Comdr. G. F. A. Mulock	Hongkong
Kennet	torpedo boat destroyer	580	4	7500	Lt.-Comdr. E. K. Boddam-Whetham	Hongkong
Kinsha	river gunboat	315	4	1500	Lt.-Comdr. H. D. Marryat	Yangtze River
Merlin	sloop	1040	—	—	Capt. F. C. C. Pasco	Hongkong
Minstrel	cruiser, 1st class	14,600	—	27,000	Capt. E. B. Kiddle	Hongkong
Moorthen	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. Alan Dixon	West River
Newcastle	cruiser, 2nd class	4300	12	22,000	Capt. Frederick A. Powlett	Yangtze River
Nightingale	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. Malcolm Murray	Hongkong
Ribble	torpedo boat destroyer	590	—	7500	Lt.-Comdr. F. N. Wilkinson	Hongkong
Rosario	depot ship, submarines	980	—	1400	Lt.-Comdr. F. A. N. Cronie	Hongkong
Robin	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. Nash	West River
Sandpiper	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. I. A. S. Hutton	Hongkong
Snipe	river gunboat	85	2	240	Lt.-Comdr. Maurice B. Leslie	Yangtze River
Tamar	receiving ship	1650	—	—	Commodore R. H. Anstruther, C.M.G.	Hongkong
Tral	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. Hon. G. Stopford	Upper Yangtze River
Thistle	river gunboat	710	2	900	Lt.-Comdr. H. R. N. Cottrill-Dorner	Canton
Triumph	battleship	11,985	18	12,500	Capt. P. Stratfield, M.V.O.	Hongkong
Uk	torpedo boat destroyer	590	—	7500	Lt.-Comdr. Maxwell	Hongkong
Walland	torpedo boat destroyer	590	—	7500	Comdr. Seymour	Hongkong
Woodcock	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. J. O. F. Borrett	Upper Yangtze River
Woodcock	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. M. Blackwood	Yangtze River
Woodcock	river gunboat	180	2	800	Lt.-Comdr. Lloyd	Yangtze River
Yamouth	light cruiser	5250	—	22,000	Capt. H. L. Cochrane	Shanghai
O.33	submarine	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. F. J. McGillevie	Hongkong
O.37	submarine	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. J. Gaines	Hongkong
O.38	submarine	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. R. K. C. Pope	Hongkong
O.38	torpedo boat	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Handley	Hongkong
O.38	torpedo boat	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Barton	West River
O.38	torpedo boat	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Nicol	West River
O.38	torpedo boat	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. H. W. Seymour	Hongkong

\* Flagship of Vice-Admiral T. H. M. Jernin, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief.

## Foreign Men-of-war on the China and Japan Station.

Name.	Flag and description.	Tonn.	Gun.	I.H.P.	Captain.	Last report on
Kaiserin Elisabeth	Austro-Hungarian cruiser	4000	—	—	Capt. Makovitz	Foochow
Dupleix	French armoured cruiser	10,014	30	20,000	Capt. Davelay	Hongkong
Kleber	French armoured cruiser	9730	12	19,800	Capt. Gouta	Saigon
Montcalm	French flagship	9800	—	—	Capt. de Vaisseau	Saigon
Deceit	French gunboat	845	10	7000	Lt.-Comdr. Vandier	Saigon
Argus	French river gunboat	180	6	570	Lt.-Comdr. Dordet	Canton
Vigilante	French gunboat	123	7	500	Lt.-Comdr. de Jerville	Canton
Pelton	French gunboat	120	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Collin	Tientsin
Dordard de Lagree	French gunboat	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Dupuy Dutauppe	Tientsin
Lynx	French sub-marine	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Boly	Saigon
Protee	French sub-marine	—	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. Boly	Saigon
* Styr	French armoured gunboat	1795	10	1700	Lt.-Comdr. Guillaume-Louis	Saigon
Fronda	French destroyer	350	7	808	Lt.-Comdr. Aurillac	Saigon
l'erville	French destroyer	—	—	—	Capt. de Frigate Roussier	Saigon
Pistole	French destroyer	130	7	300	Capt. de Marine	Saigon
Monsieur	French destroyer	307	6	300	Capt. de Marine	Saigon
Manche	French surveying-ship	1625	10	9000	Comdr. Voin	Saigon

\* Flagship of Capt. (Commodore) Boucicaut, Commanding the local defense force in China.

Name.	Flag and description.	Tonn.	Gun.	I.H.P.	Captain.	Last report on
Anden	German cruiser	3600	22	13,500	Capt. v. Reckhoff	Hongkong
Grassman	German armoured cruiser	11,800	30	20,000	Capt. Brunningshaus	Tientsin
Illis	German gunboat	900	12	1300	Capt. v. Gohren	Shanghai
Jaguar	German gunboat	900	12	1300	Capt. v. Vanselow	Tientsin
Leipzig	German cruiser	3250	24	11,000	Capt. v. Henckes	Tientsin
Luchs	German cruiser	900	10	1350	Comdr. Kendenmann	Tientsin
Nürnberg	German cruiser	3400	22	13,500	Capt. v. Mölter	Tientsin
Otter	German river gunboat	—	—	—	Capt. v. Kiehl	Tientsin
Scharnhorst	German flagship	11,800	30	20,000	Capt. v. Kiehl	Tientsin
S. 90	German torpedo-boat	400	8	6500	Capt. v. Kiehl	Tientsin
Taku	German torpedo-boat	280	4	6000	Capt. v. S. Chasson	Tientsin
Tiger	German gunboat	900	10	1350	Comdr. Ricker	Tientsin
Tangtau	German river gunboat	223	4	1300	Capt. v. Müller	Canton
Vaterland	German river gunboat	223	4	600	Capt. v. S. Fries	Shanghai
Calabria	Italian cruiser	4145	—	—	Comdr. Sommi Piccardi	Shanghai
Adamastor	Portuguese cruiser	1777	—	—	Capt. Anibal de S. Dias	Macao
Macao	Portuguese gunboat	—	—	—	Capt. Martins	Macao
Patia	Portuguese gunboat	700	—	—	Capt. José de Carvalho Orato	Macao

## UNITED STATES VESSELS ATTACHED TO ASIATIC STATION.

Name.	Flag and description.	Tonn.	Gun.	I.H.P.	Captain.	Last report on
U. S. submarine	—	—	—	—	Ensign. J. M. Murray	Canton
U. S. submarine	—	—	—	—	Ensign. F. D. McWhorter	Canton
U. S. submarine	—	—	—	—	Ensign. J. O. Van der Carr	Canton
U. S. submarine	—	—	—	—	Ensign. J. M. Yates	Canton
U. S. protected cruiser	—	3130	10	7500	Capt. M. L. Bittel	Canton
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	—	430	7	8000	Ensign. H. A. Jones	Canton
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	—	430	7	8000	Lt.-Comdr. H. Hill	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	443	8	850	Ensign. W. L. Fletcher	Canton
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	—	430	7	8000	Lt.-Comdr. J. I. Fletcher	Canton
U. S. protected cruiser	—	3130	11	10,000	Capt. M. S. Robinson	Canton
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	—	430	7	8000	Lt.-Comdr. C. A. Woodruff	Canton
U. S. torpedo-boat destroyer	—	430	7	8000	Lt.-Comdr. H. Green	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	630	4	600	Lt.-Comdr. R. Gannon	Shanghai
U. S. gunboat	—	1293	8	1888	Capt. H. R. Marshall	Shanghai
U. S. station ship	—	1900	6	1100	Lt.-Comdr. V. V. Lowe	Canton
U. S. monitor	—	5990	6	8000	Lt.-Comdr. P. P. Swar	Canton
U. S. monitor	—	4084	4	6277	Capt. v. J. V. Chase	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	243	2	—	Lt.-Comdr. P. B. Taylor	Canton
U. S. sea going tug	—	854	2	1800	Lt.-Comdr. W. Wallace	Canton
U. S. repair ship	—	3085	—	—	Lt.-Comdr. W. D. Wallace	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	350	2	808	Lt.-Comdr. J. J. Hamilton	Canton
U. S. cruiser	—	4360	14	1600	Lt.-Comdr. Z. W. Wurtzbaugh	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	243	2	820	Lt.-Comdr. H. A. Wiley	Canton
U. S. armoured cruiser	—	6115	14	17,401	Capt. H. A. Wiley	Canton
U. S. gunboat	—	370	2	278	Lt.-Comdr. J. Durr	Shanghai
U. S. gunboat	—	1397	6	1894	Capt. J. F. Hubbard	Shanghai
U. S. tug	—	463	—	650	Capt. H. P. E. T. Williams	Shanghai



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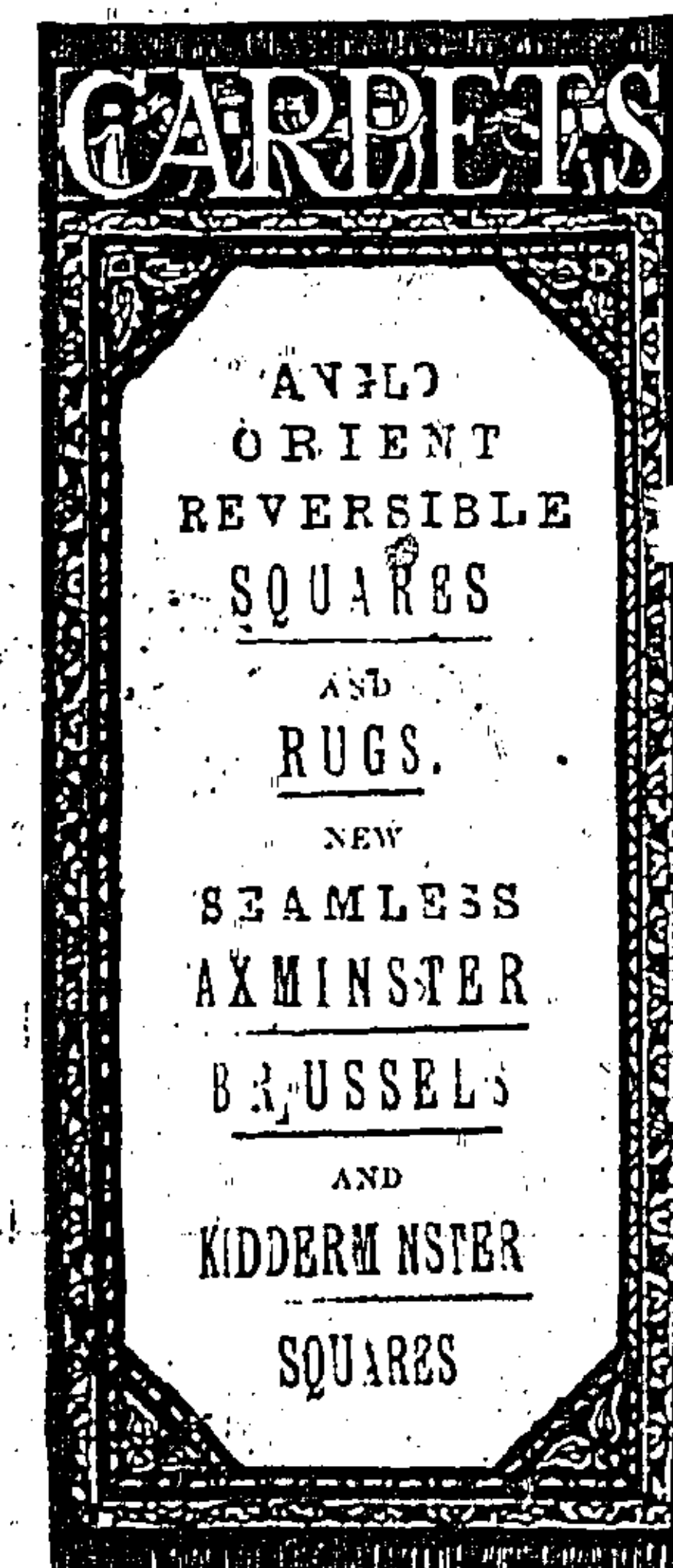
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62A, QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG

Hongkong, July, 1913.

being 47 miles per hour, and since acceptance by the Navy the vessel has flown 2000 miles, and in the course of her final acceptance run passed over the House of Commons and the Admiralty. One of the chief characteristics of the type is that two ballonettes are fitted, so that the ship may be trimmed by pumping air from one to the other, while a special feature is the system by which the valves are worked automatically. The car used for the accommodation of the petrol-engines and the driving gear, as well as for the navigating appliances and some of the offensive weapons to be carried, is of the swinging type, so that the pitching due to the variation in the propeller thrust, &c., is automatically checked by the position of the centre of gravity. Another feature is the use of limp propeller-blades. An important feature of the type is its portability, in which it is unexcelled. It can be deflated and packed on lorries for easy transport or be carried on board ocean-going ships.

The four ships under construction are to form the nucleus of a squadron for the training of officers and men in the handling of airships for the Navy, and they will be equipped with special regard to this aim—the acquisition of experience. In anticipation of their advent, large hangars, capable of housing the largest airships so far designed, are being erected in the valley of the River Medway, near Chatham, while other stations are in course of erection. Indeed, the whole scheme already prepared and in process of execution establishes the truth of the statement we have already made in these columns—that Mr. Churchill is the first statesman to appreciate the value of an air fleet. He has taken a personal interest in connection with the scheme, and has himself acquired much experience in connection with aircraft generally. The Admiralty Air Department, under the direction of Captain Murray F. Suter, has done a vast amount of work in a quiet and unostentatious way, but nevertheless effectively, in connection with the solution of problems of design and navigation, and there can be no doubt that, now that the actual work of constructing ships and organising fleets has been entered upon, we shall soon realise the First Lord's ambition that we shall be as efficient by air as by sea.

It is often claimed that the aeroplane could destroy the airship, and that therefore the former is the more effective instrument; but it should not be forgotten that the airship can mount guns both above and below the "envelope," and that it affords a much steeper platform, so that these guns could be used to greater advantage in the airship than in the aeroplane. The uses to which airships are likely to be put in connection with naval operations are long-distance over-sea scouting, the fighting of the aircraft of the enemy travelling by night, and attack upon the enemy's dockyards, magazines, &c. The fact that they can remain stationary over one spot for any period of time, and can send wireless messages over a distance of over 300 miles, should make them particularly effective. At any rate, it is very satisfactory to note that the Admiralty are now more fully alive than at any other time to the importance of aircraft in warfare.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.  
4 to 6 p.m.—Lady May "At Home" at City Hall.  
Court Cards at Theatre Royal.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.  
Hongkong Benevolent Society meeting in City Hall.  
4.30 p.m.—Rugby Challenge Match—Club v. Army.

## General Memoranda.

THURSDAY, January 15—  
3 p.m.—Action of Sires for Boods and Matches for Races.  
Concert at Seamen's Institute.

FRIDAY, January 16—  
Hon. Mr. Chief Justice presents prizes at the Diocesan School Orphanage.  
8 a.m.—Auction of Pianos at the Race Course, Happy Valley.  
9 p.m.—Engineers' Ball at City Hall.

SATURDAY, January 17—  
Entries close for Hongkong Races.  
Lady May presents prizes at Bellini School.

SUNDAY, January 18—  
Excursion to Macao.  
Field Day for Reserves and Volunteers.

MONDAY, January 19—  
Hon. Mr. Chief Justice Henry May presents prizes at Queen's College.  
Entries close for H.K. Football Challenge Shield.

TUESDAY, January 20—  
H.K. Missionary Association Meeting.  
5.30 p.m.—Organ Recital at St. John's Cathedral.

WEDNESDAY, January 21—  
Annual Sports of H. K. S. B., R. G. A., M. S. O. Ground, Kowloon.

FRIDAY, January 23—  
Stockbrokers' Settling Day.  
Volunteer Ball.

SATURDAY, January 24—  
Racing at the City Hall.  
Chinese New Year Day.

SUNDAY, January 25—  
9.15 p.m.—Philharmonic Society's Concert.

TUESDAY, January 27—  
5.30 p.m.—Organ Recital at St. John's Cathedral.

WED., Feb. 11, THU., 12 & FRI., 13—  
"The Idol's Eye" by H.K. A.D.C. at Theatre Royal, City Hall.

THE CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, Jan. 13, 1914.

AIRSHIPS FOR THE NAVY.

RECENTLY in this column we referred to the measures being adopted by the great naval construction firms at home for the construction of airships. This we are able now to supplement with some information regarding the type of ship now in course of construction to the order of the Admiralty. Of this type, four are being rapidly pushed forward by Messrs. Vickers Limited, the design having been decided upon after very extensive trials of the prototype. This vessel made a large number of secret trials under the supervision of the Admiralty Air Department, the speed

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

An Indian chauffeur was fined \$25, or one month's imprisonment at the Police Court today for driving a motor-car at an excessive speed at Causeway Bay yesterday.

The Directors of the British India Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., have declared an interim dividend of 34 per cent., free of income-tax, on the ordinary shares for the half year.

Lady May presents the prizes at Felicia School on Saturday morning, and the Hon. Mr. Cland Saverni performs a similar ceremony at the Diocesan School Orphanage on Friday morning.

Five Chinese died from bubonic plague last week, seven cases in all being reported. Of five Chinese cases of diphtheria (two imported) three were fatal. There was in addition one British non-fatal case of enteric fever.

The first steamer of the Holt and Gullatly, Hanky Line from Europe to Vladivostok, the Pathan, was to sail from Hongkong on January 4 and Liverpool on January 24 and will be followed by the Asyanas on February 4.

Two married women living at different addresses in Causeway Road have lost valuable fur and silk clothing which they entrusted to a Chinese tailor to be made up. The tailor has absconded with the articles, and the police are looking for him.

At a meeting of the Council of the British Empire League held on 15th ult., Lord Chelmsford (late Governor of New South Wales) was elected chairman of executive, and Lord Blyth vice chairman. Sir Claude Macdonald was elected a member of the executive committee.

Amongst the week-end (Dec. 13th) Rugby football matches at home a victory was gained by the Chartered Bank of India over the London County and Westminster Bank by 13 points to 5. The Hongkong Bank XV. again suffered defeat, Tonbridge beating them by 16 points to 3.

An entirely new programme was submitted by the Court Cards at the Theatre Royal last night. All the items were very enjoyable and were performed in the artistic manner with which this talented combination is identified. The Court Cards occupy the Theatre until Friday evening, and as this is their farewell visit those who have not yet seen the Company should take this opportunity.

The new steamer for the Szechwan Steam Navigation Company, for service between Ichang and Chungking, which has been built at home under the superintendence of Captain Plant and taken to pieces again for shipment, was due at Shanghai by the Blue Funnel s.s. Eysen on January 10. The vessel will be put together by the Kiangnan Dock and will be ready for service with the re-opening of the Upper River to navigation.

A fire broke out in the paint store of the Kwong Hip Loong shipbuilding yard at Yau-mai last night. The Yau-mai firemen and police were quickly on the spot and extinguished the flames, with the assistance of a number of workmen, after about thirty dollars damage had been caused. The Hongkong fire brigade received a call but arrived too late for their services to be required. It is supposed that a cigarette and dropped by an apprentice caused the outbreak.

It has been decided, says the "Union Church Record," to start a Union Church Guild, which, it is hoped, will develop on the lines that may prove most useful and acceptable. The following fixtures have been arranged:—Wed. January 14 at 8.30 Musical and Social evening: Wed. Jan. 21, "Our Nearest Neighbour in Space." A Lecture on the Moon by Rev. J. E. Muench, illustrated by numerous lantern slides. Wed. January 27, "Lighter Moments in my Life and Work." Rev. T. W. Pearce.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

H.M.S. Hampshire reached Colombo on Saturday night, and is re-commissioning there.

The annual meeting of the European Y.M.C.A. tennis club is to be held on Thursday, January 22.

The January Criminal Sessions open next Monday before Mr. Justice Gompertz, the Chief Justice, Sir William Rees Davies, being engaged in an important civil action.

The Agents of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. at Yokohama received a wireless message from the Captain of the "Empress of Asia" yesterday, saying he expected to reach this port by 9 p.m. on 14th inst. The steamer at the time of sending (midnight on 11th) was 1,150 miles away.

Two robberies were reported to the police yesterday. A Chinaman living at 79, Buckley Street, Hung Hom, lost \$50 in subsidiary coins from his house, the thief entering by the back door during his absence, and a bolted in at Sai Yui Ho had nearly \$100 worth of property taken from his house during the morning.

LICENSING CLERK  
ABSOONDS.THOUSAND DOLLARS BAIL  
ESTREATED.

The former chief clerk of the licensing department of the Central Police Station, who was remanded yesterday on a charge of accepting a bribe of \$30 in the performance of his duty failed to appear when the case was called on in the Magistrate's court this morning.

Defendant's brother, who was in court, said he did not know where defendant was.

Mr. Wood estreated the missing clerk's bail of \$1,000 and issued a warrant for his arrest.

## SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The Financ Gazette believes it can be now accepted as settled that Mr. A. T. Bryant will succeed the Hon. Mr. W. Evans as Resident Councillor at Penang.

Baron von Merling, Consul-General of Siam in Berlin, has arrived in Berlin from Egypt with small-pox. It is not known whether he contracted the disease in Egypt or on the sea voyage.

Lady Swettenham, wife of a late Governor of the Straits Settlements, has returned from her tour in Europe, Japan, Siam, Siam, and the F.M.S., and will reside at the Beach Hotel, Cannes, until the end of April.

Harry Lockings, the well-known journalist, who writes under the nom-de-plume of Larry Lynx, sued the proprietors of The Globe Newspaper on December 4, for damages for wrongful dismissal. A verdict for the plaintiff for \$215 was returned.

The Bishop of St. Albans has appointed to the vicarage of Brent Pelham with Furnham Pelham, Herts, the Rev. W. B. H. Hancock, late rector of Welbourn, Lincolnshire, who has lately been obliged to return abruptly from Japan, where he went as a C.M.S. missionary, by the illness of a child.

An engagement is announced between Mr. Walter James Dow, son of the late Walter Norton Dow, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, and Mrs. Dow, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dow, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, and Mrs. Dow, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Dow, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.

Commander A. W. Whist, who has just died at Weymouth at the age of 70, served as a midshipman of the Chesapeake and Imperieuse in the China war, and received the China medal and Taku clasp, also another medal from the Emperor of China, which he was precluded from wearing by service regulations. In 1863 he was present at the capture of Singapore and Kading from the rebels.

Mr. Harry Lauder, the Scottish comedian, on December 8, had luncheon with Mr. Lloyd George and Miss Asquith at 11, Downing-street, and afterwards he sang to some of the songs that he has made him famous. The occasion was his visit to the Home Office on behalf of his pupils, with whose hard lot the comedian sympathised. He once worked in a coal mine and was himself a driver of a pony.

Admiral Sholto Douglas, whose death was recently announced, at the age of eighty, had been on the retired list for many years. He entered the Navy in 1847 and had a very active career, serving in China, in the Baltic, again in China in 1874-1883, on the West Coast of Africa 1880-1884, taking part in the slave trade blockade when he was the means of capturing and delivering over two thousand slaves. He had held the command of the Indian troopship Malabar, of the frigate Aurora, and of the ironclad Achilles and Resistance, but he did not serve as an Admiral.

Mr. Wood at the Magistrate's this morning fined a man \$350 for being in possession of four tins of opium and a prepared opium and a similar quantity of unprepared opium.

The following was the result of crushing operations at Raub for the four weeks ended December 27, 1913. Bukit Koman—Stone crushed 4,078 tons, gold obtained 768 oz., average per ton 3,764 dwts. Bukit Malacca—Stone crushed 4,052 tons, gold obtained 856 oz., average per ton 1,707 dwts.

Chinese revenue officers obtained information that an attempt was to be made yesterday to land arms from the Tenyo Maru, and stopping a sampan leaving the ship they stopped it and found aboard three Winchester rifles, five revolvers and 5,000 rounds of ammunition. The man in charge of the arms was fined \$250 at the Magistrate's this morning.

One of the funniest jumbles in the matter of editing Reuter's service telegrams must surely be ascribed to the Siam Observer, which prints the following in its good faith: "No Christmas Compliments. The English newspapers have unanimously decided not to publish the Christmas telegrams exchanged between Mr. Doumergue, the new French Premier, Sir Edward Grey, and Mr. Sazonoff, mutually assuring each other of efforts to develop and maintain the friendship and the alliance respectively."

THE CHUNG SAU NAM  
CASE.COURT'S DECISION ON PRE-  
LIMINARY POINTS.

The hearing of the case in which the Governor-General and the Commissioner of Finance are suing Chung Sau Nam and the Russo-Asiatic Bank for the recovery of \$150,000 was continued before the Full Court today, the motion before the Court being that the action be dismissed as frivolous and vexatious, and an abuse of the process of the Court.

Sir Francis Pigott and Mr. C. G. Alabaster, instructed by Mr. W. B. Hind (from Mr. G. K. Hall Brutton's office) appeared in the habeas corpus proceedings for Chung Sau Nam, and also to move on his behalf for the dismissal of the civil action. The plaintiffs in the latter action, the Governor-General, and the Commissioner of Finance for the Province of Kwangtung, were represented by Messrs. E. H. Sharp, K.C., Eldon Potter and F. C. Jenkins, who were instructed by Mr. R. F. C. Master (of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master).

Before Sir Francis Pigott resumed his address, the Court gave its decision on preliminary points raised.

The Chief Justice stated that on the point regarding cross-examination the Court had considered the authorities referred to in the White Book and elsewhere under the inherent jurisdiction of the Court to stay proceedings which were frivolous and vexatious. They were of the opinion that the defendant must base his arguments on the affidavits before the Court, or on such further affidavit as he might desire to file in reply to the affidavit of the solicitor on the other side; this, of course, within a reasonable time.

The Puisne Judge said there was another point which the Court had considered as to the application to have the depositions taken at the Magistrate in the extradition proceedings read in this case. It seemed to the Court that this could not be done. They had no power to order evidence taken in criminal proceedings to be read. Order 37 Rule 3 did not affect the admissibility of evidence, and the Court was of opinion that the law on this point did not cover criminal proceedings, at any rate, criminal proceedings of this sort, and the wording of the judgment prevented them from making the order asked for.

Sir Francis Pigott: I understand that you decline to make the order with regard to the notes of the magistrate, but your Lordships say an affidavit may be filed in answer. That does not preclude us from ourselves bringing in the evidence.

The Puisne Judge: That is the point. If it is not evidence you cannot bring it in on affidavit. Sir Francis Pigott said he wished to answer more categorically the question the Court put to him on the previous day, which was, Supposing the Province of Kwangtung to have property, how could it sue? He would show the only way in which they could sue. The rule was, he thought, indisputable that the right of suit was a question of procedure. There were only three ways by which, according to English procedure, it could possibly sue. By persons in the ordinary sense of the term, natural persons; by legal persons who had been incorporated. Everybody else must sue by the names or the owners. If several people owned property they must all sue. Their Lordships would probably remember certain cases in connection with clubs in which it was held that all the members of a club had to sue. That, of course, had now been altered by provisions in their rules enabling them to sue by their secretary on behalf of the club. He thought there could be no doubt that the same rule applied to villages who owned property. If the property belonged to a number of people they must all be stated as the owners. But in criminal proceedings, in order to save encumbering the indictment with the names of all the owners in the case of village property, then it was permissible to use the name of the village, but only in criminal proceedings. Being a question of the law for, these principles were applied to foreign owners of property. They must be natural persons, or they must be legal persons incorporated. If foreigners claimed the right of suit in English Courts, they were obliged to conform to the English rules. They could not have any greater benefit, or any greater right of suit than persons in the country. Then, the cases which he had previously cited showed that another rule had been introduced, which was, that governments recognised by His Majesty's Government could sue. Speaking of land yesterday he said that supposing the Government of Kwangtung did own any property—which he thought was exceedingly questionable—in the jurisdiction, and supposing the Central Government did not assist them in any way, they would still have to sue unless some special provision had been made. It seemed extraordinary, but when it was considered that all property, of whatever nature, was really vested in the Government of the State, there really could be very little doubt that that was the proper rule. Now rules of procedure could not be introduced to suit arrangements which were made in the constitution of states. "We know only our own rules of the procedure," proceeded Sir Francis, "and if foreign governments, or foreign bodies want to avail themselves of the privilege of suing in the English Courts, they have to conform to the law of procedure, and the English Courts know nothing except natural persons, legal persons and recognised governments."

Passing to his second point: "Even assuming, which is denied, that this money ever had been Provincial Government property, it has not since the cancellation of the Declaration of Independence reverted to the Provincial Government, but to the Central Government, and even if it is in the Central Government's hands, this action is not maintainable." Sir Francis said he now came to the consideration of the Statement of Claim as it was endorsed on the writ. He asked their Lordships to notice the sweet simplicity of that statement of claim. There was a complete omission of everything. It would appear from that that the Province of Kwangtung was pursuing its ordinary peaceful course, and only appeared that certain money had been given to the defendant for a certain object, and that the defendant had misappropriated it. The object was, as stated in an affidavit filed by the plaintiffs, for paying military expenses. Only that! Nothing more! It might be, if the money had been a less amount, which was so deplorably got rid of by the learned Puisne Judge. There was not a word of what would happen.

You could almost imagine," continued Sir Francis, "that the money had been used as a camp of exercise at Nanking, somewhat like the Hongkong Volunteers at the present moment. You would never dream that there were any warlike operations at Nanking. As for a rebellion, that is the very last thing that would suggest itself to you. You might imagine, possibly, that the Republic was in danger, and that loyal Kwangtung was sending troops to assist the Republic. But when you go to Nanking you begin to wonder what operations could have been going on. It is not likely that there could have been an invasion of the country there. The Hanchueta and not got down so far. And then, possibly, it might suggest itself to you that perhaps the White Wolf, with his ferocious adherents, had been making trouble there, that loyal Kwangtung had sent up its troops to assist the Republic, and that this was the way of the troops."

Sir Francis thought he was right in saying that the money intended to be used for a useful purpose. Their Lordships were to give a general impression of a case to the Court when the junior counsel read them. He intended to show that this statement, on the face of it, was veracious. As he had stated, a statement of claim was supposed to give a general impression of a case to the Court, and he ventured to say that he had not overdone the impression which would be conveyed by the Court on the first reading of this statement. He was going to bring that statement by introducing one fact, of the Declaration of Independence of Kwangtung. He intended to address an argument to the Court that on the documents he mentioned yesterday an issue arose at law and not an issue on fact that the Declaration of Independence was a real declaration involving certain legal consequences. He wished again to refer, though not in any contentious spirit, to the extreme difficulty in which the Court found itself. That certain documents were issued, was undeniable. That they led to certain consequences was also undeniable, as was also the fact that those consequences had formed part of the history of the Republic during the past few months. It was of paramount importance that the Court should not be led astray as to the consequences of the Declaration of Independence. He did not intend to prove on this matter what the history was, although he had always realised the difficulty in which judges must find themselves plunging into an absolutely unknown sea, when learned counsel arguing before them knew all about the facts. He ventured how difficult it must be for their Lordships to have the slightest idea as to what this case means. "I fully appreciate and accept quite loyally your Lordships' decision," continued Sir Francis, "but this I must impress upon you: that it would be deplorable if a decision or expression of opinion should come from the Court which is contrary to history, and which your Lordships personally would regret. That is why, throughout, I have tried to persuade your Lordships to take these cases together, so that you should have the fullest light on the facts, and so that the Court should not, if I may say the expression, go wrong in its opinion that there is an exceedingly complicated case. It is inevitable that it should be very, very difficult, because, all cases which arise as the aftermath of war or rebellion are always difficult."

FORGED NOTES AT  
LANTAU.

## BIG SEIZURE BY THE POLICE.

## Four Chinese Charged.

Four Chinese were charged before Mr. Wood, at the Magistrate's this afternoon, on several counts with being concerned with the making of forged Chinese banknotes on the island of Lantau. A large number of exhibits was produced in court, these including lithographic stones, forged notes in various stages of manufacture, printing presses and other printing plant. All four men pleaded not guilty.

Mr. J. H. Kemp, Crown Solicitor, prosecuted, and Mr. C. F. Mason (Messrs. U'lmada and Mason) defended two of the prisoners.

The Crown Solicitor explained that the charges amounted to the possession of forged Canton notes, and various articles used in their manufacture, which he detailed, and then went on to speak of the circumstances of prisoners' arrest. The police acting upon information received by them, on December 3, executed search warrants at a village on Lantau which consisted of groups of houses and a wooden detached house which was occupied by one of the prisoners. They seized a great quantity of notes, papers, slabs, etc., which showed that there was a complete plant for printing forged notes; and there was also evidence that the plant had been in recent use. One of the prisoners was found cleaning a printing press, and on some slabs there were at the time of the visit of the police had upon them impressions of notes. One of the prisoners was arrested in Stanley Street, Hongkong, with notes in his possession bearing a likeness similar to those found at Lantau. This man had paid frequent visits to that island. Evidence was being called as we went to press.

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The case is proceeding.

The Norwegian steamer Dagny, 1,408 tons, for many years trading on the China coast, has been sold to Japanese and will be registered at Dairen. She was built in 1902 by the Nylands Vaerkstad, Christiania, with dimensions 231.5 ft. by 35 ft. by 20 ft.



## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

SOUTH AFRICAN LA-  
BOUR TROUBLES.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

A telegram from Capetown states that apart from one or two attempts to blow up the line, which are probably the acts of individuals, the strike is proceeding peacefully. The strikers are carefully avoiding any occasion for disturbance, and consequently martial law has not been proclaimed. The railway employees at the Cape appear to be opposed to the strike, but the Natal men are greatly divided.

## Masters' Terms Accepted.

The coal miners have accepted the masters' terms, and are resuming work to-day, says a Durban telegram.

## The Situation at Pretoria.

A meeting, held in Pretoria, and attended by two thousand employees of the building and other trades, voted practically unanimously in favour of a general strike.

## General Strike Favoured.

A telegram from Johannesburg states that a meeting attended by nine thousand men, which was held under the auspices of the Federation of Trades Unions, was held this afternoon, and supported the claim for a general strike. The speaker was moderate in his tone. Mr. Cresswell, the leader of the Labour Party in Parliament, has now arrived here, and declares that a general strike would be fatal to the true interests of the workers. He also favours the idea of the railway employees seeking an amicable settlement.

## The Rand Armed Forces.

It is anticipated that there will be between 12,000 and 15,000 armed men in the Rand when all those who have been called out arrive.

## Latest Details.

LATER.  
Two important developments have taken place in South Africa. Half the railwaymen at the Salt River Workshops, Capetown, have struck, and the ring leaders are endeavoring to bring out the remainder.

At attempt made yesterday night to blow up an important bridge at Fourteen Streams failed, but junction points were damaged and rails displaced.

It is announced from Pretoria that the full service of trains will be resumed to-morrow; and it is understood that to safeguard the trains, certain districts in the Transvaal and Orange will be placed under martial law. There will also be most drastic regulations, including the shooting of dynamitards at night.

## FRENCH POLITICS.

## M. Delcasse's Return.

LONDON, Jan. 13.

A telegram from Paris states that M. Paleologue, an official of the Foreign Office, has been appointed Ambassador at St. Petersburg, in succession to M. Delcasse, who resigned recently as he desires to return to politics.

## (Wah Tse Yat Po's Service.)

## URGA TROOPS WITHDRAWN.

PEKING, Jan. 12.

It is reported that the Unga government has withdrawn all the troops and dispersed them.

## Chinese Provincial Loans.

LATER.

The Financial Department has approved of a recommendation that the provincial governments shall be authorized to raise foreign loans for industrial purposes, but in each case the permission of the Department is to be first obtained.

## Dissolution of Parliament.

The President's proclamation on the dissolution of Parliament was a document containing 35,000 characters.

## OCCUP.

EVERY young child is susceptible to a cold. Don't wait until this dreadful disease attacks your little one before you prepare for it. It comes in the night when chemists shops are usually closed, and this alone should be a warning. Get and keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on hand. It never fails, acts quickly, and is absolutely harmless. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

M. C. O. IN SOUTH  
AFRICA.

LONDON, Jan. 13.

A telegram from Pretoria states that the match between the M. C. O. and Transvaal ended in a draw, owing to rain.

## THE FLIGHT TO KHARTOUM.

LONDON, Jan. 13.

A telegram from Khartoum states that the aviator, M. Fourprie, has arrived there, and has been welcomed by the Sirdar.

TIBETAN STUDENTS IN  
ENGLAND.

## Remarkable Progress Made.

LONDON, Jan. 12.

Four young Tibetans, sons of native Governors, who were sent to England by the Indian and Tibetan Governments to receive an English education, have completed a seven months' course at the Army College, Heath, and Aldershot, and will go on to Rugby next term.

It is stated that they have made remarkable progress.

## MESSRS. LOXLEY'S TRADE MARKS.

## Infringement Alleged.

Messrs. Loxley and Co. prosecuted the Kwong Yut, On firm, of 4, Kwong Yuen Street East, the Wing Shiu Wo firm, 3, Kwong Yuen Street East, and the Kwong Tung Tai firm, 199, Wellington Street, at the Police Court this morning for alleged infringement of the trade mark on their cotton singlets. Sergeant Wells visited the premises of the defendant firms and seized the thirty-eight boxes of singlets.

Mr. F. B. L. Bowley, of Messrs. Deane and Bowley, prosecuted on behalf of the complainant firm, and a remand was ordered by the magistrate.

## POOR AND INVALIDS.

## Entertained by Catholic Union.

On Sunday afternoon the committee of the Catholic Union gave their annual new year entertainment and dinner to the poor and invalids. The function took place at Wanchai Court and the Union members spared no effort to make it a thorough success. As in former years they were ably assisted by the Mother Superior and her staff. All the class rooms were converted for the occasion into dining rooms and over 125 poor and invalids occupied the seats. Some twelve of the inmates of the institution were compelled, through inability to move about, to keep to their beds, but they also participated in the good things provided. Between thirty and forty blind Chinese also enjoyed the treat. The food was expressly prepared, at their own request, by the sisters, and there was a liberal supply of cakes, fruit and sweets on the gaily decorated tables.

Among the ladies and gentlemen who assisted at the tables were: Mrs. Bowen, Mrs. Leo d'Almeida, Castro, Mrs. J. M. Alves, Mrs. A. Soares, Mrs. and Miss Rosario, Mrs. F. O. Ribeiro, Miss Carvalho, the members of the Catholic Union, members of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, Major Pown and others. His Lordship Bishop Pazzi was unavoidably absent.

## FAR EAST SUMMARY.

(From the "London and China Express" of Dec. 10.)

The action of Russia in withdrawing her troops from North China is regarded here as distinctly premature. It is not thought that any other European Power will fall in with the proposal, which, of course, is dictated by political motives. The announcement that negotiations have been concluded by Lord French, representing Messrs. Pauling and Co., of London, for financing the construction of 800 miles of railway in China has naturally been received with the greatest interest in London. The project is heartily approved of. Reuter's correspondent in Peking states that in an interview he had with Yuan Shih-kai the President emphasized the fact that Parliament would be maintained. Yuan spoke most hopefully of the future. He said he was confident that the country's financial position was placed on a proper basis the expectations of China's friends would be realized. It is stated that the Chinese Government intends to establish a number of paid Consulates in Europe, America, and Asia. President Poincaré on 15th inst. received in audience Hsu-wai-ah, the new Chinese Minister to France. The Colony of the Straits Settlements has voted £250 to Mr. Austen Chamberlain's Fund for the extension of the London School of Tropical Medicine. At a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce a paper was read by Mr. T. M. Ainsworth strongly advocating the proposed new railway across the Burmah-Chinese frontier from Ehamo to Tengyueh. Mr. Yung Ngohchi, the most distinguished figure in the literary world of Japan, has arrived in London.

## DO YOU COUGH.

DON'T overstrain the fine membrane of your throat in trying to dislodge the phlegm. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will accomplish this for you, and cure the cold that is causing it. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

EUROPEAN LADY AND  
HAWKER.

## MAGISTRATE'S ADVICE.

Margaret Begley, wife of an engineer, summoned a Chinese hawker at the Police Court this morning for assaulting her in her house in Wanchai Road.

Inspector McHarty in answer to Mr. Hazell, who asked what happened, said defendant was a cloth hawker and had been in the habit of calling at complainant's house. Complainant owed him some money and on the day in question he asked for payment, but complainant refused to pay him, and the trouble started.

His Worship asked what it was? The Inspector said the hawker just pushed the complainant—that was all. The complainant said the hawker agreed that she could pay for the cloth which she had purchased before Chinese New Year, and she promised the money by the 10th instant. The hawker called yesterday and followed her into the house as far as her bedroom door. She asked him to go back and as he refused she pushed him. He then assaulted her. She showed him the \$10.00 she owed him but told him he would not get it till the 10th, or at the police station. His Worship told complainant that if she paid her creditors there would be no trouble of this sort, and after cautioning the hawker discharged him.

## HOIHOW NOTES.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Hoihow, Jan. 10.

THE WEATHER.  
After some three weeks of cold gloomy weather we are now enjoying beautiful perfect sunshine and cool exhilaration.

THE HOLIDAYS.  
The holidays were kept in a happy sociable manner. All the foreign community responded liberally to a request for contributions, so that a very comfortable sum was available. Several unselfish persons worked hard and indefatigably with the result that on Christmas eve we enjoyed a beautiful and completely decorated real Christmas tree. The presents were substantial and appropriate being given to every foreign child in the community. A real Santa Claus appeared and surprised one of the little ones because he looked so much like a Hoihow resident also knew!

After the distribution of the presents an overwhelmingly bountiful lunch was served, the first table to the children, more than twenty in number, a second table being occupied by the adults. An unusual and highly enjoyable feature was the Christmas card given each one, it being a work of art the original production of one of the Customs staff who proved himself quite a genius in the invention and production of ideas appropriate to each one.

On New Year's eve a goodly proportion of the foreigners, including all the ladies, gathered at about 9 o'clock and spent the last hours of the year in a pleasant sociable gathering with games, conversations and refreshments. Every one feels well-pleased that all the community could join in such a beneficial social union so suitable to the holidays.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.  
It looks now as though it will not be long before Hoihow enjoys electric light. All the machinery is on the ground and the Electric Co. has secured a site for its plant. Much of the material is on hand, so that it will not be long before the power-house is completed, and within a very short time after that the lights will be shining.

ICE PLANT.  
Another long desired comfort is ice. The machinery has been ordered for an ice plant, and before the hot season commences we expect Hoihow to make its own ice.

LEPERS.  
For several years there has been considerable work done for the lepers in the way of Christian service and the medical assistance of the Mission doctor and his assistants. The liberality of friends in America made it possible to erect a small chapel which was opened for use during the holidays. Recently the local community has kindly contributed over \$100 towards the expenses of the medical relief given the lepers. This aid has been very timely as there is a considerable amount spent for medicine and native assistants.

NEW GERMAN CONSULATE.  
The German Consul-General from Shanghai on his tour of observation paid Hoihow a short visit on January 8th. He was apparently well pleased with the new Consulate that is in process of construction and intimated that he might be able to be present at the dedication of the building in the fall.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OUTRAGE.  
During the past few days several Chinese, have been brought to the Mission Hospital with dangerous sword and knife wounds. We hear that the soldiers under command of an officer surrounded a crowd at a theatre, guarded every outlet and wounded over 200 men, women and children, killing several. There are such conflicting reports as to the cause of the attack that I am at a loss to understand it, but nothing can justify such a brutal attack on women and children and visitors such as a theatre attracts.

## SOMETHING TO REMEMBER.

IN buying a cough medicine for children, bear in mind that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best for colds, croup and whooping cough, and that it contains no harmful drugs. For sale by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## SPORTING.

## CRICKET.

## Small Units' Cricket League.

R.A. DIST. STAFF & A.P.C. v. A.O. COASTS.  
This game was played at Happy Valley yesterday. Major Bowen and Barr. Cooper Hunt made a fine start for their team, scoring 119 before Major Bowen was out for 111. Scores:—

R.A. DIST. STAFF AND A.P.C.  
Rear. Cooper Hunt, b Brand ... 73  
Major Bowen, c Taylor, b Bartholomew 111  
Capt. Greenwood, b Taylor ... 9  
Sergeant Wilson, b Bartholomew ... 4  
Major. Or. May, b Robertson ... 10  
Q.M.S. Howell, c Dickson, b Robertson 1  
Sergeant Dean, b Taylor ... 1  
Staff Sgt. D. Wines, not out ... 0  
Staff Sgt. Coy, did not bat  
Sgt. Tpt. Palmer, did not bat.

Extras ... 23  
Inn. dec. Total for 8 wickets 234

BOWLING ANALYSIS.  
O. M. R. W.  
Capt. Robertson ... 6.1 ... 33 ... 3  
Pte. Bartholomew ... 10 ... 1 ... 72 ... 2  
Pte. Davies ... 5 ... 5 ... 30 ... 1  
Sergeant Taylor ... 7 ... 35 ... 2  
Sergeant Brand ... 7 ... 42 ... 1

ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS.  
Capt. Robertson, c Coy, b Bowen ... 27  
Pte. Davies, b Wilson ... 15  
Corpl. Taylor, b Wilson ... 16  
Q. M. S. Babbage, b Bowen ... 9  
Pte. Ingelfield, c Coy, b Wilson ... 4  
Corpl. Labor, b Bowen ... 0  
Sergeant Brand, c Coy, b Wilson ... 0  
Pte. Bartholomew, c and b Wilson ... 15  
Pte. Dickson, run out ... 1  
Pte. Hearse, not out ... 3  
Extras ... 3

Total ... 88

BOWLING ANALYSIS.  
O. M. R. W.  
Major Bowen ... 10 ... 52 ... 4  
Sergeant Wilson ... 9.5 ... 2 ... 35 ... 5

## Association Football.

## H.M.S. TAMAR RES. v. D.C.L.I. BUGLERS.

This 2nd Division United Services League match was played on the Military ground yesterday. Teams:—  
H. M. S. Tamar Res.—Dugdale; Clements, Grimes; Brown, Spillane, Baird; Oard, Lynch, Palmer, McDonald, Lee.

Buglers—Phillips; Golding, Gregory; Palmer, Godings, Kirby; Walls, Cutmore, Looney, Fisher, Jackson.

Referee, Mr. Doe.  
The sailors were weakly represented and they had to fight hard to stop the Buglers gaining their first win. Walls and Cutmore did some effective passing and the experience of Clements at back stood his side in good stead. Palmer went close with a fast shot when the Buglers were defending, and shooting well down the field, Cutmore secured and scored a lovely goal. On one other occasion the Buglers claimed a goal but the Referee was against them. Before the interval the sailors notched the equaliser through the agency of Palmer and the first half ended:—

H.M.S. Tamar Res. ... 1  
D.C.L.I. Buglers ... 1

Play in the second half was scrappy and the sailors evidently felt the loss of several of their regular men. McDonald and Palmer made a good show in the front rank and again the centre was on the mark with a good shot that Phillips saved. Jackson put in a centre for the Buglers that might have been made into something better but Clements put a stopper on Cutmore when about to shoot. Dugdale was in the right place when Walls and Looney tried to give the Buglers the lead but the end came with no addition to the score, the Buglers obtaining their first point. Result:—  
H.M.S. Tamar Res. ... 1  
D.C.L.I. Buglers ... 1

87th Coy., R.G.A. v. HONGKONG POLICE.  
Being the leading teams in the 2nd Division United Services League, this match at Stonecutter yesterday caused much interest, the Police taking a large number of supporters, the home team as usual having the population of the Island to cheer them on. Teams:—

87th Coy., R.G.A.—Marsh; Dougherty, McCubbin; Westbrook, Murphy, Delaney, Harper, Shakespeare, Martin, Anson, Moir; Hongkong Police—Swann; Clark; Cave; Spillitt, Gardner, Drury; Wilson, Booker, Kelly, Reynolds, Grimmett. Referee, Mr. Williams.

Play opened in determined fashion, being fast and exciting. The Police forwards were in fine form but McCubbin and Dougherty defended as well that Marsh was not greatly troubled. After play had been in progress about 15 minutes Kelly got through and scored with a fine shot putting the Police in front. The gunners attacked for all they were worth and Marsh and Shakespeare both found Swann "at home" when they tried to find the net. The first half ended:—

87th Coy., R.G.A. ... 1  
Hongkong Police ... 1

There was far more shooting than in most 1st Div. matches when the second half commenced. The excitement affected the players and when Dougherty and Marsh made a hash of things, Reynolds was on the spot and popped on number two for the Police. This caused the gunners to further exertions and they literally bombarded the Police goal for a while, Martin twice hitting the uprights with terrific shots. Play was getting near the end and the Police looked like escaping with the apples when Clark handled in the dreaded "area." A penalty being awarded, Westbrook made no mistake and the "scores" were 3-0. This was practically the end of a fast and exciting match that resulted:—

87th Coy., R.G.A. ... 2  
Hongkong Police ... 3

## POLICEMAN FINED

## THOUSAND DOLLARS.

## A Lukong was charged before Mr. Hazell at the Police Court this morning with being in unlawful possession of 83 tablets of opium. Mr. C. F. Mason (of Messrs. D'Almeida and Mason) defended.

Defendant was put on special duty to prevent opium smuggling and the opium was found on his person. His defence was that a friend gave him a parcel to take charge of and he did not know what it contained, but the friend was called and in the witness box contradicted defendant's story.  
A fine of \$1,000 was imposed.

## THE LATE MR. ALFRED HANCOCK.

## An Old China Hand.

As announced in our issue of Saturday last, Mr. Alfred Hancock, a well-known resident in this Colony in the '80s, passed away at his residence in Kensington Court, London, on 8th inst. at the age of 73.

Mr. Hancock first came out to the Far East in 1858 to join the firm of Tait and Co., at Amoy, as a tea taster. In 1884 he came down to Hongkong and started as an exchange broker and about the year 1892 went home to retire; but in 1897 he returned to the Colony to carry on the business of his firm in conjunction with his brother (Mr. Sydney Hancock) eventually retiring and settling down at home in 1900.

If Mr. Hancock had been spared till the end of the present year, he and Mrs. Hancock would have celebrated their golden wedding on 2nd November next.

Mr. and Mrs. Hancock had a family of eight children, of whom six remain to mourn the loss of their father; they are Mrs. Tomes (wife of Mr. C. A. Tomes of Messrs. Shaw, Tomes and Co.), Lady Stewart Lockhart (wife of Sir James H. Stewart Lockhart, K.C.M.G., Commissioner of Wei-hai-wei), Miss Hancock, Mrs. Lindsay Lloyd, Mr. R. H. B. Hancock and Mr. Harry Hancock.

## GERMAN ENGINE FOR H. C. R.

A new light engine for the narrow gauge branch line from Fanning to Shantankok of the H. C. R. was sent out yesterday morning by the 9.40 train from the Kowloon machine shop, where it has been assembled.

The new engine, it is significant to note, is of German manufacture, and it would be interesting to know why the powers that be found it necessary to place abroad an order for a British railway. Perhaps a few questions from the unofficial members at the next meeting of the Legislative Council might shed some light upon this question. The Col. you would like to be assured that British locomotive manufacturers at least were given a chance to tender.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEER  
RESERVES.

Orders for Field day to be held on Sunday next, 18th inst., in conjunction with the Volunteers:—  
Parade—Hongkong Volunteers Headquarters at 8.30 a.m.  
Dress—Khaki uniform with rifles and webbing equipment.  
Tiffin will be provided at the Volunteers Camp.

Any members of the H.K.V. Scouts Company who will not be in Camp on Saturday night, but who wish to attend the Field day, can make use of the Reserves' launch leaving Blake Pier at 9 a.m. sharp.

MARITIME CUSTOMS  
REVENUE.

The total collection for the year 1913 was in round numbers forty three million nine hundred and sixty thousand Haikuan Taels (exchange 3/3 = £9,708,473). Compared with the collection for 1912 which was the previous highest on record there is a gain of four million Haikuan Taels. In the two years of the Republic the revenue has increased by more than seven and a half million taels.  
The four chief ports, Shanghai, Tientsin, Hankow and Canton, which have each returned a record collection are responsible for nearly twenty six million Haikuan Taels of the total. Most ports record a gain—the most serious falling off being to the account of the Yangtsze ports. Chinkiang, Wuhu, Kiukiang, and the port of Amoy. The customs revenues are enough to pay off all the indemnity arrears. As for the salt revenue nine million dollars have been deposited in the Group banks, one million of which is now in the banks in Canton.—Peking Daily News.

A company called the Japanese-Indian Mercantile Steamship Company has recently been organized and is expected to commence a regular service between Japan and India. In such circumstances keenest competition is expected among the Calcutta liners of the four companies concerned, the B.I., N.Y.K., Indo-China and the new company.

## STRAIGHT AT IT.

THERE is no use of our "beating around the bush." We might as well go with it first at last. We want you to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy the next time you have a cough or cold. There is no reason so far as we can see why you should not do so. This preparation by its remarkable cures has gained a world wide reputation, and people everywhere speak of it in the highest terms of praise. It is made by all Chemists and Storekeepers.

## LANE, CRAWFORD

## and Company

## AGENTS FOR

## "VIYELLA" SHIRTS

## AND

LONDON  
MADE PYJAMASWILL NOT  
SHRINK

## A LARGE STOCK OF PYJAMA SUITS.

at \$4.00 \$5.00 \$6.50 \$8.00 to \$11.50 PER SUIT

## VIYELLA PYJAMAS \$10.50 PER SUIT

## GUARANTEED UNSHRINKABLE

MENS SHIRTS FOR DAY AND  
SPORTS WEAR IN VERY FINE

## WOOL TAFFETA AND VIYELLA

## SPECIALLY SUITABLE FOR GOLF, TENNIS, ETC.

GUARANTEED UNSHRINKABLE \$6.00 EACH 6 FOR \$33.00

## LANE, CRAWFORD &amp; CO.

## HONGKONG—NEW YORK

## REGULAR SAILINGS via PORTS and SUEZ CANAL.

(With liberty to call at the Mahar Coast.)

## FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

S.S. EGREMONT CASTLE on or about 5th February.

For Freight &amp; further particulars, apply to

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD. Agents

## NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

TAKING Charge on through Bills of Lading to SOUTH AFRICA PORTS with transshipment at CAPE TOWN, to destinations, via the  
INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.  
AND "AFRICA LINE"  
Proposed Sailing from Hongkong

Steamer from Hongkong	On or about	Connecting at Calcutta with	on or about
NAMHANG	Jan. 18	"UMHLOTI"	21st Feb.
YATSHING	Jan. 20	"UMFULI"	23rd Feb.
A. AFAR	Jan. 22		
THONGWA	Feb. 1		

For Freight and further particulars apply to

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD. Agents

## THE NANYO YUSEN KUMI

(SOUTH SEA MAIL &amp; S. CO.)

Regular Service of Steamers between Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya.

Selling

S.S. BANRI MARU, For S'pore, Batavia, O'bon, Samarang &amp; Sourabaya. 25th Jan.

S.S. RIKUN MARU, For Moji &amp; Kobe ... 13th February.

S.S. HOKUTO MARU, For S'pore, Batavia, O'bon, Samarang &amp; Sourabaya. 23rd Feb.

For Freight or Passage apply to

DODWELL &amp; CO., LTD. Agents

## CLIFFORD WILKINSON'S

## TANSAN.

## IN FULL SWIN.



The one and  
only Medicinal  
Water for Athletes

## SOLE AGENTS

## Gande, Price &amp; Co., Ltd.

## WINE MERCHANTS

6 Queen's Road Central,

Tel. No. 135.

HONGKONG.



## SHIPPING

PACIFIC AND ORIENTAL  
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

WILL dispatch VESSELS to the Undermentioned PORTS on or about the DATES named—

FOR SHANGHAI, MANILA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, NAGASAKI, AND HONOLULU.

SHANGHAI, MANILA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, NAGASAKI, AND HONOLULU. About 24th Jan. Freight and Passengers.

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## SHIPPING

## PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO.

THE AMERICAN LINE TO SAN FRANCISCO  
Via Shanghai or Manila, Nagasaki, Inland Sea, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

## THE SUNSHINE BELT

Operating the following steamers  
MONGOLIA, MANCHURIA, KOREA, SIBERIA

NILE, CHINA and KERSIA.

Some Features of Service.

Electric Fans, Swimming Tank, Orchestra, Amusement, Wireless Telegraphy, Submarine Signal Service and Hot Kitchens.

Cable under personal supervision of Mr. V. Moros, one of the World's most famous caterers.

Portion of Round Trip Tickets, Available for Passage via C.P.R. from Vancouver if desired.

Through Passengers have the privilege of traveling by Rail between Ports of Kobe and Yokohama.

Steamers: MONGOLIA 27,000 Tons Sailing TUESDAY, 27th Jan. at 1 p.m.

PERIA 9,000 Sailing SATURDAY 7th Feb. at 1 p.m.

For San Francisco via Manila, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.

HONGKONG-MANILA SERVICE.

FROM HONGKONG. Arrive Manila. Leave Manila. Due Hongkong.

Jan. 13, NILE, Sailing Jan. 13, NILE, Sailing Jan. 13, NILE, Sailing.

Feb. 7, PERIA, Sailing Jan. 13, NILE, Sailing Jan. 13, NILE, Sailing.

King's Building (opposite Blakes Pier). Telephone No. 141.

Panama-Pacific International Exposition—San Francisco—1915.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA

SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

via SHANGHAI, MANILA, the INLAND SEA

JAPAN and HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to change without notice.

Steamer. Tons & Speed. Leave Hongkong.

NIPPON MARU 11,000-18 knots. Wednesday, 14th Jan.

TENYO MARU 22,000-21 knots. Saturday, 17th Jan.

HONGKONG MARU 11,000-18 knots. Tuesday, 10th Feb.

SHINYO MARU 22,000-21 knots.

CHIYO MARU 22,000-21 knots.

\* via MANILA omitting Shanghai.

All Steamers will be despatched at NOON.

First Class to London. \$71-10. Return (6 months) \$120.

First Class to New York. \$80. Return (6 months) \$130-10.

First Class to San Francisco. \$45. Return (6 months) \$85-10.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return tickets have the option of returning

from SAN FRANCISCO by steamers of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co. or from VAN-

COUVER by steamers of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS,

MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD tickets issued in connection with all the principal Mail

Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may travel by Railway between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

via Japan Ports, Honolulu, Hilo, Manzanillo Salina Cruz,

Gallao, Iquique and Valparaiso.

Thence by Trans Andean Route to Buenos Aires.

KIYO MARU 17,000-14 knots. TUESDAY, 3rd FEBRUARY, 1914.

ANYO MARU 18,000-15 knots.

For full particulars as to Passage and Freight apply to

S. MORIMOTO, Agent.

KING'S BUILDING (Opposite Blakes Pier).

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM JAPAN,

Via SHANGHAI.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE,

Via SUEZ CANAL.

For SHANGHAI, MANILA, KOBE, YOKOHAMA, NAGASAKI, AND HONOLULU.

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## SHIPPING

## CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO. Jan. 14, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI. Jan. 15, at 4 p.m. HAIPHONG. Jan. 16, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 17, at 4 p.m. MANILA, CEBU & ILOILO. Jan. 18, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 19, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 20, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 21, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 22, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 23, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 24, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 25, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 26, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 27, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 28, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 29, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 30, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 31, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 1, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 2, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 3, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 4, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 5, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 6, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. Jan. 7, at 4 p.m. SHANGHAI & TSINGTAU. 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